

PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Wood County Lockup

Facility Type: Lockups

Date Interim Report Submitted: NA

Date Final Report Submitted: 03/14/2021

Auditor Certification	
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Mable P. Wheeler	Date of Signature: 03/14/2021

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name:	Wheeler, Mable
Email:	wheeler5p@hotmail.com
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	01/28/2021
End Date of On-Site Audit:	01/28/2021

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Facility name:	Wood County Lockup
Facility physical address:	402 2nd Street, Parkersburg, West Virginia - 26101
Facility Phone	
Facility mailing address:	

Primary Contact	
Name:	Amanda McGrew
Email Address:	amanda.d.mcgreg@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	304-558-2036

Sheriff/Chief/Director	
Name:	Superintendant Aaron Westfall
Email Address:	Aaron.K.Westfall@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	304-420-2443 ext 591

Facility PREA Compliance Manager	
Name:	Brian Moler
Email Address:	brian.s.moler@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	M: (304) 420-2443

Facility Characteristics	
Designed facility capacity:	16
Current population of facility:	0
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	13
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	Both females and males
Age range of population:	18 +
Facility security levels/detainee custody levels:	1-5/Unclassified
Does the facility hold juveniles or youthful detainees?	No
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with detainees:	14
Number of individual contractors who have contact with detainees, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0
Number of volunteers who have contact with detainees, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	WV Department of Homeland Security
Physical Address:	1409 Greenbrier Street, Charleston, West Virginia - 25311
Mailing Address:	
Telephone number:	304-558-6032

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	Betsy Jividen
Email Address:	Betsy.Jividen@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	304-558-6032

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Tim Harper	Email Address:	Timothy.V.Harper@wv.gov

AUDIT FINDINGS

Narrative:

The auditor's description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor's process for the site review.

Introduction

The Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) audit onsite phase for Wood County Lockup was conducted January 28, 2021. Wood County Lockup is located at 225 Holiday Hills Drive, Parkersburg, WV. 26104. The audit was conducted by Mable P. Wheeler from Macon, Georgia, who is a U. S. Department of Justice Certified PREA auditor for adults and juvenile facilities. The audit was assigned to Diversified Correctional Services, LLC as part of a contractual agreement with WV Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation. There are no known existing conflicts of interest or barriers to completing the audit. The facility has never been audited for compliance with the PREA Standards.

Mission:

The mission of the West Virginia Division of Corrections is to enhance public safety by providing safe, secure, and humane correctional facilities, operating an effective system of offender re-entry and community supervision reducing offender recidivism and assisting victims of crime.

Audit Methodology

Pre-Onsite Audit Phase

Prior to the onsite visit, the auditor contacted the PREA Compliance Manager to discuss the audit process and to set a tentative daily agenda and schedule for the onsite audit. The auditor requested the following information be provided the first day of the audit: daily population report, staff roster to include all departments; inmate roster by housing unit; listing of staff who perform risk assessments, list of medical staff; list of contractors and volunteers available during the audit; list of inmates with a PREA classification (identified through risk screening); list of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex inmates; list of disabled (deaf, hard of hearing, blind, low vision, low cognitive skills) inmates, list of limited English proficient, inmates, list of allegations with investigation outcomes etc. This information was utilized to establish the interview schedules for the selection of inmates and staff to be interviewed; random and specialized interviews; due to Covid concerns, some interviews were conducted via Zoom.

Notice of Audit Posting and Timeline

The audit notice was posted December 5, 2020. Scheduling of audit had been revisited a couple of times due to COVID 19 related issues. The audit notice was posted in English and Spanish on colorful paper using a large font. The audit notices were placed throughout the facility, in places visible to all Inmates, staff and visitors. Confirmation of revised audit notices was emailed to the auditor on December 5, 2020. Further verification of their placement was made through observations during the onsite review and conversations with inmates. The audit notices included a statement regarding confidentiality of inmate and staff correspondence with the auditor. No correspondences were received during the phase of the audit.

Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) and Supporting Documentation

The PAQ and supporting documentation was uploaded into the PREA Online Audit System in October of 2019. Some information provided in the PAQ was not longer valid; updated information for the current period (last 12 months) was provided by the facility. The auditor reviewed the PAQ, policy, procedures, and supporting documentation. Using the Auditor Compliance Tool and Checklist of Documentation, the auditor's initial analysis and review of the information, the auditor requested further documentation for clarification of several standards. Some of the information was provided electronically prior to the audit and the remaining documentation was provided during the on-site audit visit.

Requests of Facility Lists

Wood County Lockup provided the following information for interview selections and document sampling:

Interview Protocols	Number of Interviews
Agency Head Designee (Director of PREA Compliance)	1 (prior interview)
Agency PREA Coordinator	1 (prior interview)
Superintendent	1
PREA Compliance Manager	1
Specialized Staff	
Medical	1
Mental Health	1
Administration (Human Resources)	1
Agency Contract Administrator (Designee)	1 (prior interview)
Intermediate of higher level staff (unannounced rounds)	1
Investigative Staff	1
Staff who perform Screening for Risk of Victimization	1
Staff who supervise Inmate in Isolation/Segregation	NA
Incident review team	1
Designated Staff Charged with Monitoring Retaliation	1

Security First Responders	1
Non security First Responders	1
Intake Staff	1
Random Sample of Staff	
First Shift	11
Second Shift	3
Volunteers and Contractor who have contact with Detainees	
Volunteers	0
Contractors	2
Detainees Interviews	
Random Sample of Detainees	0
Detainees who reported sexual abuse	0
Detainees with cognitive disabilities	0
Detainees with physical disabilities	0
Limited English Proficient Detainees	0
Gay, Lesbian and Bisexual Detainees	0
Transgender and Intersex	0
Detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization	0
Detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during screening	0
Detainees in segregation	0
Detainees in isolation	0
Interview totals	
Total Number of Staff Interviews	32
Total Number of Detainees Interviews	0
Total Number of Interviews	32

AUDIT FINDINGS

Facility Characteristics:

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate or resident population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

Characteristics Related to PREA and Sexual Safety	
Introduction	
Parent Agency	West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation
Facility Name	Wood County Holding Center
Facility Address	402 2nd Street, Parkersburg, WV 26101
Total Rated Capacity	16
Inmate Population Size and Makeup	0
Average daily population in the last 12 months	13
Actual population on day 1 of the onsite portion of the audit	0
Population Gender	Male and Female
Population Ethnicity	Multiethnic
Length of stay	2 to 48 hours
Staff Size and Makeup	
Number of Staff	14
Type of Supervision Practiced	1-5 Unclassified
Number of Volunteers who have contact with detainees	0
Number of Contractor who have contact with detainees	0
Number and Type of Housing Units	
Number of buildings	1
Number of housing units	1
Number of Multiple Pods	2
Number of single cells	6
Number of Multiple occupancy cells	7
Video Monitoring	Yes

The Wood County Holding Center/Parkersburg Holding Center is a short-term holding facility operated by and under the authority of the Parkersburg Correctional Center and Jail.

This short-term holding center has a designated male section and a designated female section. The male section has 7 cells with a total of 10 beds. One of these cells is an observation cell with a camera. The female section has 6 cells with a total of 9 beds. One of these cells is an observation cell with a camera. Operation of the facility is conducted in a secure central control area.

The Wood County Holding Center was previously operated by the Wood County Sheriff's Department as a booking and transport hub for area law enforcement. On 01 July 2018, The West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the Wood County Commission to take over operations of the Wood County Holding Center.

Local law enforcement agencies have the option to bring arrestees/detainees into the Wood County Holding Center in lieu of transporting to the North Central Regional Jail. Arrestees are booked into the system and transported to North Central Regional Jail by West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Officers. The arrestee/detainee cannot be held at the Wood County Holding Center past 48 hours.

Detainees assigned to the North Central Regional Jail who have court in Wood County West Virginia are also held at the Wood County Holding Center when ordered to appear before the court. Upon completion of court, they are transported back to NCRJ unless released by the court official.

Wood County Holding Center has three (3) mandatory posts for day and night shift. There are two supervisor (Sergeant) positions that work a rotating schedule to provide leadership to day and night shifts. PBCC&J staff periodically is sent to the holding center in the event of an emergency.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Summary of Audit Findings:

The OAS will automatically calculate the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and the number of standards not met based on the auditor's compliance determinations. If relevant, the auditor should provide the list of standards exceeded and/or the list of standards not met (e.g. Standards Exceeded: 115.xx, 115.xx..., Standards Not Met: 115.yy, 115.yy). Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.

Number of standards exceeded:	0
Number of standards met:	35
Number of standards not met:	0

Standards Exceeded

Number of Standards Exceeded: 0

List of Standards Exceeded:

Standards Met

Number of Standards Met: 35

Standards Not Met

Number of Standards Not Met: 0

List of Standards Not Met:

Standards

Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard
(Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard
(substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard
(requires corrective actions)

Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.111	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>WV Inspector General Table of Organization</p> <p>WVDCR Organizational Chart</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 400.01; Subject – Inmate Admission Procedures At Jails & Short-Term Holding Facilities</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance Interview with Agency's PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interview with Agency's PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Interview with the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Site Review: Observed though out the facility: PREA related pamphlets for detainees</p> <p>Policy # 400.01, pages 1-3 include definitions: Booking Officer, Clothed Body Search, Commitment, Court Disposition, Report (CDR), Criminal complaint, Dangerous Material, Implement of Escape, Live Scan, Medical Staff Member, Prison Rape, Elimination, Act (PREA) Short-Term Holding Facility, Telecommunication Device, Temporary Commitment, Unclothed Body Search, Video Arraignment, Warrant, and Weapon.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, pages 2 – 4 include definitions: Contractors, Director of PREA Compliance, Exigent Circumstances, Gender Nonconforming, Intersex, Juvenile, Juvenile Facility, LGBTI, Medical Practitioner, Mental Health Practitioner, Offender, Office of PREA Compliance, PREA Coordinator, Preponderance of the Evidence, Sexual Abuse, Sexual Harassment, Staff, Staff Sexual Misconduct, Substantiated Allegation, Transgender, Unfounded Allegation, Unannounced Rounds, Unsubstantiated Allegation, Victim, and Volunteer.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 4 A states: DCR has zero tolerance for any acts of sexual abuse, assault, misconduct, or harassment. Sexual activity between staff and offenders, volunteers or contract personnel and offenders, and offender and offender, regardless of consensual status, is prohibited and subject to administrative and criminal disciplinary sanctions up to and including dismissal and prosecution pursuant to West Virginia Code and DCR Policy and procedure.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 4 B states: The DCR Director of PREA Compliance along with DCR PREA Coordinators and designated support staff shall make up the Office of PREA Compliance and will have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, coordinate and oversee DCR efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all facilities.</p>

Policy # 430.00, page 4 B states: Each facility Superintendent within DCR shall designate a PREA Compliance Manager, who will be the second highest ranking person. Those serving as PREA Compliance Managers within the Bureau of Juvenile Services upon the effective date of this policy will remain in effect at the discretion of the Director of PREA Compliance.

Policy # 430.00, in its entirety, addresses the agency's approach to ensure prevention, detection and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The policy is detailed and straight forward on:

- I. Prevention Planning
- II. Supervision and Monitoring
- III. Staff Training
- IV. Offender Education
- V. Screening for Risk of Sexual Victimization and Abusiveness
- VI. Reporting
- VII. Official Response
- VIII. Investigations
- IX. Staff Discipline
- X. Offender Discipline
- XI. Medical and Mental Health
- XII. Data Collection and Review
- XIII. Audits
- XIV. Pertains Only to Juvenile Facilities

The goal of the Office of PREA Compliance is to continually make every effort to prevent, detect, and respond to such conduct.

PREA Standard§ 115.11 mandates that each facility designate a PREA compliance manager with sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards.

Comments:

The West Virginia Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation takes the Prison Rape Elimination Act very seriously. They have developed the Office of PREA Compliance (statewide) which deals strictly with the components of PREA. This Department is responsible to the Assistant Commissioner, Inspector General Bureau. The Office of PREA Compliance is made up of the Director, two (2) PREA Compliance Officers (one for prisons and jails, the other for juveniles) and a Secretary. The two (2) PREA Compliance Officers oversee 36 facility Compliance Managers (sixteen (16) prisons, ten (10) jails and ten (10) juvenile facilities). Each designated Compliance Manager is assigned only the responsibilities associated with PREA

and reports to the Director of PREA Compliance and the Superintendent of the facility that they are assigned.

The Officers at the Wood Lock were very knowledgeable of PREA and responded to questions asked during interview with quick responses, correct information and confidence. Detainees are made aware of the Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) via a pamphlet giving to them during booking. The pamphlet describes sexual assault as an act of violence and provides information to detainees on how to report sexual assault or sexual harassment.

Interviews with staff indicated that they had received training in the PREA Policy. Training rosters were provided as well documenting that staff have completed the required training. There were no detainees at the facility to be interviewed during the audit.

115.112	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of detainees
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA), Contracts with JBS and County Commission of McDowell</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with the Agency Contract Administrator</p> <p>On or after August 20, 2012 or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later:</p> <p>The number of contracts for the confinement of inmates that the agency entered into or renewed with private entities or other government agencies: 2</p> <p>The number of contracts that DID NOT require contractors to adopt and comply with PREA standards: 0</p> <p>On or after August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later, the number of contracts that DO NOT require the agency to monitor contractor's compliance with PREA standards: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 C states: Any new contract or contract renewal for the confinement of offenders shall include an obligation to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Comply with PREA Standards, 2. Comply with DCR policy, 3. Ensure that the contracted facility is complying with the PREA standards by monitoring the facility performance. <p>Comments:</p> <p>The agency reports that it has entered into and/or renewed a contract with Youth Services System (JBS) for the confinement of juvenile inmates and with County Commission of McDowell County since their last PREA audit. The auditor has reviewed contracts for both juvenile and adult offenders. Each of the reviewed contracts contained the same verbiage requiring BJS Youth Services and McDowell to adopt the PREA Standards and comply with them. They also acknowledged that the WV Division of Corrections and Rehabilitations monitors the facilities for compliance with all PREA Standards.</p> <p>Wood County Holding Center does not house inmates under the age of 18 years of age, only audit offenders are housed at the Holding Center. A detainees stay at Wood County Holding</p>

Center is no longer than 48 hours; the holding center is a short-term holding facility.

115.113	Supervision and monitoring
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent (Parkersburg Correctional Center)</p> <p>Interview with Associate Superintendent of Security (Parkersburg Correctional Center)</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Site Review: The facility has two cameras, each monitor's an observation cell, one female and one male cell</p> <p>Since August 20, 2012, or last PREA audit, whichever is later:</p> <p>The average daily number of detainees: 3</p> <p>The average daily number of detainees on which the staffing plan was predicated:</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 A states: DCR shall ensure that each of its facilities develops, documents and makes its best efforts to comply with the PREA staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing, and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect offenders against sexual abuse. In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, facilities shall take into consideration:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Generally accepted detention and correctional practices; 2. Any judicial finding of inadequacy; 3. Any findings of inadequacy from federal investigative agencies; 4. Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies; 5. All components of the facility's physical plant (including blind spots or areas where staff or offenders may be isolated); 6. The composition of the offender population; 7. The number and placement of supervisory staff; 8. Facility programs occurring on various shifts; 9. Any applicable State or local laws, regulations or standards; 10. Any prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse; and 11. Any other relevant factors.

Policy # 430.00, page 5 B states: In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, the Facility PREA Compliance Manager or designee shall document the noncompliance, in writing, and justify all deviations from the plan. This documentation will be forwarded to the Facility's Superintendent, appropriate Assistant Commissioner and the Office of PREA Compliance.

Policy # 430.00, page 5 C states: Whenever necessary, but no less frequently than once a year, the Facility PREA Compliance Manager from each facility, in consultation with the Office of PREA Compliance, shall assess, determine and document whether adjustments are needed to:

1. The PREA staffing plans;
2. Prevailing staffing patterns;
3. The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies;
4. The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 D states: In an effort to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment, the Facility Superintendent shall ensure that the PREA Compliance Manager is completing unannounced rounds on all shifts. These rounds will be conducted in all areas of the facility, specifically in all offender living areas. Completion of unannounced rounds shall be documented in the appropriate database.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 E states: Any staff member found to be alerting other staff that these rounds are occurring will be subject to disciplinary action unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility.

Comments:

Officers conduct 30 minutes checks on all detainees at the facility. Detainees are only allowed to leave their cells to use the phone or during virtual court hearings. Detainee's stays are never longer than 48 hours. Wood County Holding Center has fourteen (14) staff positions with three (3) mandatory post; should additional staff be needed the Unit 84-2 officer from the Parkersburg Correctional Center is responsible for responding to the Holding Center. There has been no deviation from the staffing plan in the last 12 months.

115.114	Juveniles and youthful detainees
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed: NA</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of youthful inmates housed at this facility: 0</p> <p>The number of housing units to which youthful offenders are assigned that provide sight and sound separation between youthful and adult offenders in day rooms, common areas, showers, and sleeping quarters: 0</p> <p>The number of youthful inmates placed in the SAME HOUSING UNIT as adults in this facility: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of youthful inmates who have been placed in isolation in order to separate them from adult inmates: 0</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>This facility does not house anyone younger than 18 years of age.</p>

115.115	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 400.01; Inmate Admission Procedures at Jails & Short –Term Holding Facilities</p> <p>Policy Directive #411.00; Subject: Gender Nonconforming Detainees/Residents</p> <p>Training Lesson Plans</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Site Review</p> <p>Training Records</p> <p>Training Lesson Plans</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of detainees: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of pat-down searches of female detainees conducted by male officers: 0</p> <p>The number of pat-down searches of female detainees conducted by male officers that did not involve exigent circumstances: 0</p> <p>Percent of all officers who received training on conducting cross-gender pat-down searches and searches of transgender and intersex detainees in a professional and respectful manner, consistent with security needs: 100%</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 F states: Staff shall not conduct cross gender pat-down, strip searches or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or when performed by medical practitioners in accordance with current Policy. All exigent cross-gender searches will be documented via incident report. For a facility whose rated capacity does not exceed 50 offenders, the facility shall not permit cross-gender pat-down searches of female offenders, absent exigent circumstances. Facilities shall not restrict female offenders' access to regularly available programming or other out of cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision. If these searches occur, they shall be documented.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 G states: Offenders shall be able to shower, perform bodily functions,</p>

and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. This limitation not only applies to in-person viewing, but also all forms of remote viewing as well.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 H states: Staff shall announce their presence every time they enter an offender housing unit of the opposite gender to indicate that there will be someone of the opposite gender on the unit.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 I states: Facilities shall not search or physically examine a transgender or intersex offender for the sole purpose of determining genital status. If unknown, staff should attempt to determine the genital status through conversations with the offender or by reviewing medical records.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 J states: Staff shall be trained to conduct pat searches of transgender and intersex offenders, in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security.

Policy Directive 411, page 3, III B states: Transgender and intersex detainees/residents shall be given the opportunity to shower separately from other detainees/residents.

Policy Directive 411, page 3, III F states: Facilities shall make all attempts to take into consideration inmate/resident preference when assigning staff members to perform strip searches. In exigent circumstances, cross gender searches may occur.

Policy 17006, page 3, Procedure B states: A transgender inmate shall not be strip searched randomly or as a form of harassment. All pat-downs and strip searches shall be conducted in accordance with policy 17004 "Strip Search Procedures" and 13015 "Pat-Down Searches". At no time will an officer pat-down or strip search an inmate to determine the inmate's sex and/or anatomy. If the inmate's anatomy is unknown, it may be determined by conversations with the inmate or by reviewing medical records.

Policy Directive #111, page 5 – 6 states: OJT, Basic, and In-Service Training for any person who works in or with the WVDCR, including vendors, contractors, and volunteers, shall minimally include:

- A. The zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment;
- B. How to fulfill their responsibilities under the WVDCR's sexual misconduct prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures;
- C. Detainees/residents right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and the right of detainees and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment;
- D. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement;
- E. The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims;
- F. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse;
- G. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with detainees/residents;

H. How to communicate effectively and professionally with everyone, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming persons;

I. How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities;

J. All such training shall be tailored to the gender of the detainees/residents at the employee's facility, and employees shall receive additional training if the employee is reassigned from a facility that houses only male detainees to a facility that houses only female detainees, or vice versa;

K. Each employee will complete refresher training at least every two (2) years to ensure that all employees know the WVDCR's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures; in years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, the employee shall be provided refresher information on current sexual misconduct policies;

L. All such training shall be documented through employee signature or electronic verification that employees understand the training they have received.

Comments:

At the time of the on-site audit, there were no transgender or intersex detainees at this facility. An interviewed Officer related that each detainee to be assigned to a housing unit shall be subjected to an unclothed body search before changing into newly issued inmate clothing prior to housing. He also related an unclothed body search would be conducted by the same gender officer during the intake/booking process.

115.116	Detainees with disabilities and detainees who are limited English proficient
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Propio Language Services Contract</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interviews with staff</p> <p>Site Review</p> <p>PREA Pamphlet</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of instances where inmate interpreters, readers, or other types of inmate assistants have been used and it was not the case that an extended delay in obtaining another interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 L states: Facilities shall take reasonable steps to ensure all offenders with disabilities and those who are limited English proficient have meaningful access and equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the DCR's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The facility shall use the contracted translation services to facilitate communication with the offender.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 – 7 L states: Written materials will either be delivered in alternative formats that accommodate the offender's disability or the information will be delivered through alternative methods, that ensure effective communication with offenders with disabilities, including those with intellectual disabilities, limited reading skills, or no or low vision. Reading the information to the offender or communicating through an interpreter, will ensure that they understand the PREA related material. In addition to providing such education, the facility shall ensure that key information is continuously and readily available to offenders through posters, or other written formats.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 M states: Only staff members or qualified contractors will provide translation for offenders. The DCR shall not rely on offender interpreters, readers, or other types of offender assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the offender's safety, the performance of first-response duties, or the investigation of the offender's allegations.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with staff confirmed that detainee interpreters are not used. When someone is in need of an interpreter, Proprio Language Services is utilized. Per the PAQ Propri Language</p>

Services have not been needed in the last twelve months. Written materials are given to detainees when they arrive at the facility during booking. Detainees who have cognitive or developmental disabilities would have Officer to assist them with PREA information and would answer any related questions. There were no detainees at Wood County Holding Center during the onsite portion of the audit.

115.117	Hiring and promotion decisions
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Personnel Files</p> <p>Interview with Human Resources Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract who might have contact with detainees: 0</p> <p>The percent of contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract who might have contact with detainees: NA</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 N states: All individuals who may have contact with offenders will be asked to disclose previous misconduct during interviews for hiring, promoting or as part of reviews of current employees. Employees shall have a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct. DCR shall not hire, promote or enlist the services of any person who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution or has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse or has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in such activity. The DCR shall consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or enlist the services of any contractor, who may have contact with offenders. Material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, shall be grounds for termination.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 O states: A background investigation will be completed before hiring or promoting employees, enlisting the services of contractors, interns or volunteers. The DCR shall conduct criminal background checks of all employees, volunteers, interns and contractors every four years.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 P states: Consistent with Federal, State, and local law, the DCR must make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse. Unless prohibited by law or policy, the DCR shall provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving former employees upon receiving a request from an institutional employer from whom the employee has applied to work.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Wood County Holding Center’s hiring and backgrounds checks are coordinated through the</p>

Parkersburg Correctional Center and Jail Human Resources department. An employment application and background packet was provided to the auditor for review. The auditor reviewed personnel files for Officers; all files had up-to- date criminal history checks. No employee had been hired or promoted without a current background check.

115.118	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with Correctional Officer</p> <p>Site Review: Observed camera placements</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 Q states: When designing or acquiring any new facility and in planning any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, the DCR shall consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the DCR's ability to protect offenders from sexual abuse. The PREA Compliance Manager will be responsible for consulting with the Office of PREA Compliance, when installing or updating a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, the DCR shall consider how such technology may enhance the DCR's ability to protect offenders from sexual abuse.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The facility reports no upgrades to camera equipment nor placement of additional mirrors. All cells are monitored by staff making visual checks, with the exception of two observation cells also monitored by cameras.</p>

115.121	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of forensic medical exams conducted during the past 12 months: 0</p> <p>The number of exams performed by SANEs/SAFEs during the past 12 months: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 F states: Administrative and criminal investigations shall be conducted in accordance with best practice for the investigation of sexual assault and shall follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative procedures and criminal prosecutions. The protocol shall be adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 I states: As requested by the victim, the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member shall accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews and shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 E states: When an outside agency investigates sexual abuse, the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the Medical and Mental Health requirements of this policy. CID shall endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation and regularly update Office of PREA Compliance throughout the investigative progress.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: Victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. All victims of sexual abuse shall be offered access to forensic medical examinations at the facility or an outside facility, such examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) where possible. The DCR shall document efforts to provide SAFE's or SANE's if one is not available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners.</p>

Treatment shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.

Policy # 430.00, page 20 C states: The facility will use the list of local hospitals that employ a SANE (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner), to determine the appropriate medical provider to transport to. Any refusal by the offender to undergo the forensic exam must be documented. If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent abuse is made, first responders shall take preliminary steps to protect the victim and shall immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners.

Policy # 430.00, page 20 D states: The DCR shall attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center. If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, the DCR shall provide a qualified staff member to provide these services. Agencies shall document efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers. If requested by the victim, a victim advocate, qualified DCR staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member shall accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews and shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals. To the extent the DCR itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the requirements within policy.

Comments:

A State Investigator is assigned to the Parkersburg Correctional Center and Jail who is responsible for all investigations at the Wood County Holding Center. Victims of sexual abuse are transported for forensic examination to an outside hospital. Victims of sexual abuse are not charged for SANE exams or other cost related to a sexual assault. Wood County Holding Center has had no incidents of sexual assault during the last twelve months.

115.122	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Investigative Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment that were received: 0</p> <p>The number of allegations resulting in an administrative investigation: 0</p> <p>The number of allegations referred for criminal investigation: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 16 A states: Protection of witnesses and the victim shall be paramount throughout the investigation process. The Office of PREA Compliance, in conjunction with the facility PCM shall ensure that an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Individuals conducting these investigations will receive specialized training. 2. Staff members, as designated by the Superintendent, shall do an inquiry on offender on offender harassment allegations. 3. CID investigators will conduct investigations on all staff on offender allegations and offender on offender sexual abuse allegations. 4. CID investigators will be primarily responsible for contacting and referring criminal allegations and assisting as needed with the investigation. 5. Investigations will be promptly, thoroughly, and objectively completed for all allegations, including third party and anonymously reported allegations. The reports and all related documentation are to be entered in the appropriate tracking system. 6. Staff having any knowledge of or reason to suspect that sexual misconduct has taken place, is subject to questioning by person(s) investigating such allegations. Failure to cooperate with the investigation, such as withholding known information, withholding evidence or giving false statements will result in disciplinary action. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 E states: When an outside agency investigates sexual abuse, the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the Medical and Mental Health requirements of this policy. CID shall endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation and regularly update Office of PREA Compliance throughout the investigative progress.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 16 C states: Criminal investigations shall be documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence</p>

and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible. Substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal shall be referred for prosecution.

Comments:

All PREA allegations are reported to the Parkersburgs PREA Compliance Manager and the Superintendent. All allegations are investigated; if the investigation is determined to be criminal in nature, the investigation is forwarded for prosecution. Wood County Holding Center has had no allegations of sexual abuse in the last 12 preceding the audit.

115.131	Employee and volunteer training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Material Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Policy</p> <p>Curriculum / Lesson Plan - Prison Rape Elimination Act for Employees and Contract Staff PREA Training Orientation - Handout</p> <p>Review of Staff Training Records</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 A states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns will receive training regarding DCR’s zero tolerance policy regarding sexual misconduct. This training should be conducted during orientation, but no later than thirty (30) days after date of hire.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 B states: At a minimum, the training shall include the following information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sexual contact with an offender is prohibited, 2. Offender's right to report if sexual contact occurs, 3. The zero-tolerance policy against sexual abuse and sexual harassment within the DCR, 4. How staff are to fulfill their responsibilities under the Division's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting and response policies and procedures as defined in this policy, 5. Offenders' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, 6. The right of offenders and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment, 7. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement, 8. The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims, 9. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse, 10. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with offenders, 11. How to communicate effectively and professionally with offenders, including LGBTI or gender nonconforming offenders, 12. How to comply with relevant laws of West Virginia related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities. 13. Sexual Misconduct in Confinement Facilities

Policy # 430.00, page 8 D states: Staff training shall be appropriate to the gender of the offenders within the facility.

Policy # 430.00, page 8 E states: The DCR shall provide employees with a yearly refresher to ensure that all employees know the DCR current sexual harassment policies and procedures. Facilities shall ensure that volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders have been trained on their responsibilities under the DCR's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection and response policies and procedures. The level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services that they provide and level of contact they have with offenders, but all volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders shall be notified on the DCR's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents.

Policy # 430.00, page 8 C states: Each facility shall document through a Certificate of Understanding that staff, volunteers and contract employees have received and understand the training they have received. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance.

Comments:

Training records were reviewed onsite. File reviews confirmed all staff training is up to date; training logs with signatures were provided for the auditor's review. Interviews with staff confirmed they are aware of all components of PREA.

115.132	Detainee, contractor, and inmate worker notification of the agency's zero-tolerance policy
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>The number of detainees admitted during the past 12 months, who were given PREA information: 1095</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 A states: A. All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns will receive training regarding DCR's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual misconduct. This training should be conducted during orientation, but no later than thirty (30) days after date of hire.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 C states: Each facility shall document through a Certificate of Understanding that staff, volunteers and contract employees have received and understand the training they have received. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 E states: The DCR shall provide employees with a yearly refresher to ensure that all employees know the DCR's current sexual harassment policies and procedures. Facilities shall ensure that volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders have been trained on their responsibilities under the DCR's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection and response policies and procedures. The level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services that they provide and level of contact they have with offenders, but all volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders shall be notified on the DCR's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>A review of training records for staff, contractors, volunteers and detainees confirmed PREA compliance training is current. The facility houses males and females detainees, all employees who work at the holding center are gender specific trained. Reviewed training records confirmed staff received the necessary training. Detainees are provided PREA information during the booking process via a PREA pamphlet. Detainees are never out of cell unless they are using the phone or during virtual court hearing.</p>

115.134	Specialized training: Investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Verification of Training of Investigators/Records</p> <p>Miranda, Garrity, PREA, Training Curriculum</p> <p>Interview of Sexual Assault Victims in A Confinement Setting Training</p> <p>PREA – Report Writing Training</p> <p>Investigating Sexual Abuse in a Confinement Setting</p> <p>Interviews with Investigative Staff</p> <p>The number of investigators the agency currently employs: 5</p> <p>The number of investigators currently employed who have completed the required training: 5</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 – 9 F states: In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to § 115.31, the DCR shall ensure that, to the extent the DCR itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings. Corrections Investigations Division (CID) investigative staff shall receive additional specialized training on conducting sexual abuse investigations in confinement settings. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance. This specialized training will include but is not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviewing sexual abuse victims, 2. Proper use of Miranda warnings and the Garrity rule, 3. Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings, 4. The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecutorial referral. <p>Comments:</p> <p>The facility provided training records for all investigators. Reviewed Investigator training files confirmed each had received the appropriate trainings. These records included verification of NIC training: Investigating Sexual Assault in a Confinement Setting, completion of the Miranda Rights and Garrity Warning Training, completion of the Report Writing, investigations and completion of the Interview of Sexual Assault Victims in a Confinement Setting and proper evidence collection.</p>



115.141	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 400.01; Subject - Inmate Admission Procedures At Jails & Short-Term Holding Facilities</p> <p>PREA Screening Instrument – Initial and Reassessment</p> <p>Interviews with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening</p> <p>Interview with Director of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator Interview with Compliance Manager</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of detainees who were screened for risk of sexual victimization or risk of sexually abusing other detainees: 1095</p> <p>Policy # 400.01, page 10 F, (1) states: Prior to initial housing assignment, an appropriate staff member shall complete the PREA Screening Assessment (attachment to the DCR PREA Manual) with each inmate. This initial screening shall assess for risk of being sexually abusive or sexually victimized. A potential predator shall not be housed with a potential victim.</p> <p>Policy # 400.01, page 10 F, (2) states: Inmates who are violent, suicidal, mentally disordered, demonstrating unusual or bizarre behavior or determined to be in need of professional mental health services, shall be housed in a "manned section" in order to observe the inmate's behavior at least every fifteen (15) minutes, until evaluated by a mental health professional.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 10 A states: All offenders shall be assessed individually and in a private setting during intake screening and upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other offenders or sexually abusive toward other offenders prior to housing in general population.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The WV Division of Corrections & Rehabilitation, PREA Screening Instrument was reviewed and contains all the elements of 115.41. The completion of the Initial Assessment occurs while the detainee is still in booking. All detainees entering the facility in the last 12 months were screened, per the PAQ.</p>

115.151	Detainee reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>PREA Pamphlet</p> <p>PREA Acknowledgement Form</p> <p>Interviews of Staff</p> <p>Interview of PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Site Review</p> <p>PREA Pamphlet</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 A states: Offenders shall be provided multiple internal and external ways to privately report sexual misconduct, retaliation by other offenders or staff for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The DCR shall also provide at least one way for offenders to report abuse or harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the DCR, and that is able to receive and immediately forward offender reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to DCR officials, allowing the offender to remain anonymous upon request. Offenders detained solely for civil immigration purposes shall be provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security. The DCR shall distribute publicly through the DCR website the e-mail, address and information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of the offender and the DCR policy regarding the referral of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for criminal investigations</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 C states: Staff can privately report information about sexual assault and sexual harassment by submitting a confidential report to the Superintendent, PREA Compliance Manager or the Office of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>During the onsite portion of the audit, the holding center held no detainees. All staff and</p>

contractors interviewed could name the different ways to report sexual abuse. They related, they are mandated reporters and could make a report verbally, written, anonymous and via third party.

115.154	Third-party reporting
	<p data-bbox="252 170 896 203">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="252 248 523 282">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="252 327 517 360">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="252 400 1406 479">West Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p data-bbox="252 517 1477 1061">Policy # 430.00, page 13 A states: Offenders shall be provided multiple internal and external ways to privately report sexual misconduct, retaliation by other offenders or staff for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The DCR shall also provide at least one way for offenders to report abuse or harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the DCR, and that is able to receive and immediately forward offender reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to DCR officials, allowing the offender to remain anonymous upon request. Offenders detained solely for civil immigration purposes shall be provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security. The DCR shall distribute publicly through the DCR website the e-mail, address and information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of the offender and the DCR policy regarding the referral of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for criminal investigations</p> <p data-bbox="252 1104 1473 1435">Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1476 1485 1727">Policy # 430.00, page 14 F states: Third parties, including fellow offenders, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, are permitted to assist offenders in filing reports or grievances and requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse. Third parties are also permitted to file such requests on behalf of offenders. CID will discuss the allegation with the alleged victim and proceed with an investigation if the allegation occurred in a correctional setting.</p> <p data-bbox="252 1767 403 1800">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="252 1841 1449 1957">Interviews with staff confirmed they understand the West Virginia Fusion Center is another way for self-reporting and third party reporting. Detainees PREA Pamphlet identifies ways to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to staff and third party reporting.</p>

115.161	Staff and agency reporting duties
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Interview with the Superintendent</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 G states: The DCR shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff, and shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Items the DCR should monitor include any offender disciplinary reports, housing, or program changes, or negative performance reviews or reassignments of staff. The DCR shall continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need. Such monitoring shall include periodic status checks. The obligation to monitor for retaliation shall terminate if the allegation is unfounded. If any individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, the DCR shall take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation. The facility shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Action taken to protect Staff or offenders shall be documented and reported to the Office of PREA Compliance within 24 hours of the reported incident. Any effort to hinder or impede a Staff or an offender from reporting an incident or retaliation shall result in disciplinary action. (115.67(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)).</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 A states: The facility PCM will report all allegations of sexual abuse, including anonymous allegations to the Office of PREA Compliance. Staff shall not reveal any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary to make treatment, investigation or other security and management decisions. (115.61 (b) (e))</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Staff interviewed confirmed the requirements of staff to report immediately any knowledge, suspicion, or information about an incident of sexual abuse at the facility. Staff also confirmed they would report any neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. There have been no allegations of sexual abuse, sexual harassment during the past 12 months.</p>

115.162	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Interview with the Superintendent</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of times the agency or facility determined that a detainee was subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 B states: When facility staff learns that an offender is subject a substantial risk of sexual abuse, the facility shall assess and implement appropriate protective measures and shall take immediate action to protect the offender without unreasonable delay. (115.62)</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Detainees are never together outside the cells with any other detainee. Interviewed staff reported that if a detainee was at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse the potential perpetrator would be moved to another facility. If the potential aggressor was a staff member, the staff member could be placed on “no contact” status or assigned to another facility.</p>

115.163	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations the facility received that a detainee was abused while confined at another facility: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations of sexual abuse the facility received from other facilities: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 C states: Within 72 hours of receiving an allegation that an offender was sexually abused while confined in another correctional facility, the Superintendent of the facility that received the allegation shall notify in writing the head of the facility or appropriate office of where the alleged abuse occurred and shall also notify the Office of PREA Compliance. The Superintendent can contact the other facility via phone before forwarding the report in writing. The facility shall document that it has provided such notification and ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with PREA standards. (115.63 (a) (b) (c) (d))</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>There have been no allegations made by a detainee that they were sexually abused or sexually harassed at another confinement facility. Nor have there been any allegations that a detainee moved to another facility was sexually assaulted or sexually harassed while at this facility.</p>

115.164	Staff first responder duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Officer</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 D states: Upon learning of an allegation that an offender was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the incident shall separate the alleged victim and abuser; preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, request that the alleged victim and abuser not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. When responding to incidences of sexual abuse, all first responders are required to follow the DCR coordinated response plan.115.64 (a) (b)) (115.65)</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with staff indicated that they are very knowledgeable of the actions to take as First Responders in response to reports or knowledge of a case of sexual abuse. Each interviewed staff could articulate, without hesitation, all the steps they would take as first responders. Staff stated they would separate the victim from the abuser, keep the victim safe, notify their supervisor, secure any crime scene and protect the evidence.</p> <p>The interviewed Officer states that he would ask the victim not to take any actions that would compromise evidence. He also indicated he would get medical attention for the victim.</p> <p>There have been no allegations of sexual abuse of sexual harassment during the past twelve months.</p>

115.165	Coordinated response
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview of Superintendent</p> <p>PREA Post Order Supervisor Checklist</p> <p>PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review Form</p> <p>The Post Orders (First Responder Guidelines for Sexual Assaults) are detailed. It covers Purpose, Applicability, Responding to Reported or Observed Sexual Abuse (Allegations of Abuse, Initial Response, Victim, Aggressor, Transportation, Mental Health Response, Follow-up, Counselors and Victim Advocate).</p> <p>The three checklists; Supervisor, Health Services and PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review are very detailed. All walk through a step by step checkoff system that allows for written details, whether each step was completed, the date and time and initials of the individual completing the list.</p> <p>The PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review document includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The date and time of the Review, • Members of the Review Team and their signature, • Victim and Perpetrator, • Recommendations (policy and procedure, improvements regarding Prevention, Detection and Response, • The dynamics within the facility; i.e.: Race, Ethnicity, Gender Identity, Lesbian, Gay, Bi-Sexual, Transgender Intersex Identification, Inmate Status, Perceived Status, and Gang Affiliation, • Was the dynamics recognized or addressed during the initial screening and classification, • Other group dynamics, • Physical Barriers, • Staffing Levels, • Monitoring Technology, • Were recommendations implemented,

Policy # 430.00, page 15 D states: Upon learning of an allegation that an offender was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the incident shall separate the alleged victim and abuser; preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, request that the alleged victim and abuser not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. When responding to incidences of sexual abuse, all first responders are required to follow the DCR coordinated response plan.

Comments:

The Coordinated Response Plan identifies actions to be taken by various components of the facility in response to an allegation of sexual abuse. If there was a sexual assault allegation, the facility, complying with DCR Policy and identify actions taken by all staff in response to a report of sexual abuse. All staff confirmed their responsibilities during a response to a sexual assault.

115.166	Preservation of ability to protect detainees from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 E states: DCR does not have the authority to enter into collective bargaining agreements pursuant to WV State Code.</p> <p>Comment:</p> <p>The Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner report that Collective Bargaining, as it is known in many states does not occur in the Corrections Field in West Virginia. Individuals may join CWA (union) that allows for grievances, but it does not allow bargaining for wage or working conditions.</p>

115.167	Agency protection against retaliation
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>The number of times an incident of retaliation occurred in the past 12 months: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 F states; The DCR shall employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for offender victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or offender abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for offenders or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations. (115.67 (b))</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 G states; The DCR shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff, and shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Items the DCR should monitor</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Wood County Holding Center does not house detainees for more than 48 hours.</p>

115.171	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Investigator</p> <p>Review of Investigative Files NA</p> <p>Review of Administrative Investigation reports NA</p> <p>The number of substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal that were referred for prosecution since the last PREA audit: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 G states: Investigators shall:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gather and/or preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data, 2. Interview alleged victims, suspected abusers, and witnesses, 3. Review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected abuser, 4. Determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse and shall be documented in the reports. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 H states; The DCR shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 - 18 J states; When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, the DCR shall conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors to determine whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution. The credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness shall be assessed on an individual basis and shall not be determined by the person’s status as an offender or staff. The DCR shall not require an offender who alleges unwanted forced sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth telling device as a condition of proceeding with the investigation of such an allegation. Investigations shall not be terminated solely because the source of the allegation recants the allegation.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 18 states;</p> <p>At the conclusion of the investigation, the investigator will prepare an investigative report that documents a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings and all documentary evidence when feasible. The investigative findings will indicate whether the evidence supports a finding that sexual abuse has occurred (substantiated), the allegation is false (unfounded), or the evidence is inconclusive (unsubstantiated). If the case has not already been referred for</p>

criminal prosecution, the Investigator will refer substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal for prosecution in the county where the assault occurred. If any State entity or Department of Justice component conducts investigations shall do so pursuant to the above requirements.

Comments:

The investigator assigned to the Parkersburg Correctional Center has completed the required training; this was confirmed through review of training certificates. In the event of a sexual assault at Wood County Holding Center, he would be the responding investigator. Wood County Holding Center has had no allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment in the last 12 months.

115.172	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Interviews with Investigative Staff</p> <p>Documentation of Administrative Findings for Proper Standard of Proof</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 H states: The DCR shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Investigations are fact and evidence driven. The DCR Policy 430.00 requires that there shall be no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated. The Investigator confirmed in an interview, that the standard of evidence to substantiate an allegation of sexual abuse is “the preponderance of the evidence”.</p>

115.176	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of staff from the facility who have violated agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>The number of those staff from the facility who have been terminated (or resigned prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have been disciplined, short of termination, for violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility that have been reported to law enforcement or licensing boards following their termination (or resignation prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 18 A states: The staff member shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating DCR sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who has engaged in sexual abuse. Disciplinary sanctions for violations of DCR policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. All terminations for violations of sexual abuse or harassment policies, or resignations by staff that would have been terminated if not for their resignation, will be documented and reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the act was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the DCR shall not provide a basis for terminating an investigation.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>There have been no disciplinary sanctions or terminations of staff members within the past months (12). Staff found to have engaged in sexual misconduct will be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination and staff may be referred for criminal prosecution.</p>

115.177	<p>Corrective action for contractors and volunteers</p> <p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>In the past 12 months, contractors or volunteers have been reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies for engaging in sexual abuse of detainees: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of contractors or volunteers reported to law enforcement for engaging in sexual abuse of detainees: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 B states: Any contractor, volunteer, intern or any individual who conducts business with or uses the resources of the DCR, who engages in, fails to report, or condones sexual abuse or sexual harassment of an offender shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action. Retaliatory action against any individual who reports or is involved in a sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigation is strictly prohibited. Any contractor, volunteer, intern or any individual who engages in sexual abuse shall be prohibited from contact with offenders and shall be reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>There have been no allegations made against any contractor. If there have been; the contractor would be prohibited from coming into the facility while the investigation is being conducted. If the investigation determined the allegation as substantiated, law enforcement would be notified and a recommendation would be made to refer the contractor of prosecution. Interviewed contractors confirmed understanding zero tolerance and potential sanctions for violating the agency's policies.</p>
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115.178	Referral for prosecution for detainee-on-detainee sexual abuse
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of administrative findings of detainee-on-detainee sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility: 0</p> <p>The number of criminal findings of guilt for detainee-on-detainee sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 C states: All sexual contact, whether voluntary or forced, between offenders is prohibited and subject to disciplinary action. Any mutual sexual contact between offenders is a rule violation but shall not constitute sexual abuse. Offenders shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to an investigation that concluded that the offender engaged in offender-on-offender sexual abuse. Offenders may be charged with a facility rule violation even if they are also being charged within the court system. Sanctions shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse or harassment, the offender's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other offenders with similar histories. The disciplinary process shall consider whether an offender's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to their behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed. The facility may discipline an offender for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 A states: When an offender is found guilty of Misconduct related to sexual abuse and the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, the facility shall consider whether to require the offending detainee to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming or other benefits.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: A report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred shall not constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Wood County Holding Center detainees are housed for up to 48 hours and then transferred to a jail or released. Should a sexual assault investigation be substantiated while in the holding the center, the investigating would be referred for prosecution.</p>

115.182	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with the Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with SANE Nurses (prior interview)</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: Victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. All victims of sexual abuse shall be offered access to forensic medical examinations at the facility or an outside facility, such examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) where possible. The DCR shall document efforts to provide SAFE's or SANE's if one is not available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners.</p> <p>Treatment shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 C states: The facility will use the list of local hospitals that employ a SANE (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner), to determine the appropriate medical provider to transport to. Any refusal by the offender to undergo the forensic exam must be documented. If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent abuse is made, first responders shall take preliminary steps to protect the victim and shall immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 E states: Victims of sexual abuse shall be offered information about timely access to emergency contraception, pregnancy tests and sexually transmitted disease testing and treatment, in accordance with professionally accepted standards and policies of care, where medically appropriate. If pregnancy results due to the sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated such victims shall be receive timely and comprehensive information about access to all lawful pregnancy related medical services.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Sexual assault victims would be transported to a local hospital for a SANE exam. Prior interviews with SANE nurses indicated the detainees would be offered testing for HIV and other Sexually Transmitted Infection and offered STI Prophylaxis. They indicated that following the forensic exam, they would recommend the STI Prophylaxis and any other medication required. Detainees are never charged for medical care cost associated with a sexual assault. This facility has had no report for sexual assault in the last 12 months.</p>

115.186	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with the Superintendent</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 A states: The Office of PREA Compliance, in collaboration with Facility PCM shall conduct a Sexual Abuse Incident Review within 30 days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation where the allegation was substantiated, or unsubstantiated. The review team shall include upper-level facility staff, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. No review shall be conducted if the allegation has been determined to be unfounded.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 B states;</p> <p>The review committee shall:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates need to change policy or practice to better detect, or respond to sexual abuse; 2. Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; or gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility; 3. Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse; 4. Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts; 5. Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 B states; The facility shall document the recommendations for improvement or reasons for not doing at the conclusion of the Sexual Abuse Incident Review.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 C states; The Office of PREA Compliance shall prepare a report of its findings and ensure that any deficiencies are promptly identified and corrected. The review findings, recommendations for improvement and corrective action shall be documented.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The Incident Review Form addresses all the items required by the standards. Interviews with randomly selected and administrative staff indicated that there have been no allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment during the past 12 months.</p>

115.187	Data collection
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 E states; The facility PCM shall be responsible for ensuring that accurate information is collected for every allegation of offender-on-offender sexual abuse and staff-on-offender sexual misconduct that occurs within their facility. Incident-based data reports shall be generated each month. The data collected shall include at a minimum.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The total number of allegations, 2. Investigation number and the disposition; 3. The DCR shall maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews; 4. The DCR also shall obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its offenders. (115.87 (e)) 5. The incident-based data collected shall include, at a minimum, the data necessary to complete the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice. (115.87 (c)) <p>Comments:</p> <p>The Superintendent reported the Incident Review Team consists of upper-level management, the PREA Compliance Manager, supervisors, investigators, counselors and medical staff. A report will be prepared of the findings for the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Office who are authorized to implement the recommendations for improvement or document the reason for not doing so. The Review Team is in compliance with policy and was confirmed during interviews.</p>

115.188	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with the PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 G states; All Sexual abuse data shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states; The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident-based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year’s data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR’s progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The agency/facility utilizes a PREA Monthly Statistical report that is provided to DCR PREA Coordinator each month. The form is extensive. It covers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inmate-on-Inmate Sexual Acts (including definitions for Nonconsensual Sexual Acts, Abusive Sexual Contacts and Sexual Harassment. • Staff Sexual Misconduct (including definitions for Staff Sexual Misconduct and Staff Sexual Harassment). <p>Each of these individual areas are delineated by Number of Allegation, Incident Report and/or Investigation Numbers, Disposition (Substantiated, Unsubstantiated, Unfounded and Investigation ongoing). There is also a Substantiated Incident Data Questionnaire for Victim (inmate-on-inmate), an Inmate-on-Inmate Questionnaire for the Predator and a Staff-on-Inmate Questionnaire. Each of these three (3) documents must be completed for each occurrence. Annual reports are unloaded on the agency website. The facility provides its data to the Department of Justice as requested, this information can also be reviewed on the agency website.</p>

115.189	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager Review of Annual Report 2017, 2018</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 G states: All Sexual abuse data shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states: The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR's progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 D states: The Office of PREA Compliance shall prepare a report of its findings and ensure that any deficiencies are promptly identified and corrected. The review findings, recommendations for improvement and corrective action shall be documented.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 F states: The DCR shall use the data to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify areas of concern, 2. Determine corrective action on an ongoing basis, 3. Assess and improve the effectiveness of the agency's sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, 4. Create an annual report of findings and corrective actions for each facility and DCR. <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with the PREA Compliance Manager and Superintendent confirmed the facility provides the required data, if any, to the WVDCCR Office of PREA Compliance by reporting immediately any allegations or incidents of sexual abuse at the facility as well as monthly in the monthly PREA Report. The annual reported are headed by the Office of PREA Compliance. As noted in the policy above, the annual report is available on the</p>

115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Website Historical Data 2017 and 2018 WV Annual PREA Report Site Review</p> <p>View secured files area</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 G states: All Sexual abuse data shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states: The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR's progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Before the consolidation of the Department of Corrections, Regional Jails and the Juvenile System, each agency/facility would place their data on their respective website. Now, there will be annual reported headed by the Office of PREA Compliance. As noted in the policy above, the report will be inclusive. Onsite review verified all investigation files are secured behind a locked door, with limited access.</p>

115.403	Audit contents and findings
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 A states: Upon request for information, the Director of PREA Compliance will be responsible to respond to all external surveys, schedule audits required by the Department of Justice's National PREA Standards and comply with all PREA requirements and ensure that at least one-third of each facility type under the DCR's control is audited during each year of the three-year audit cycle.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 B states: The auditor will review and have access to all relevant information listed below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Policies, procedures, reports, internal and external audits, and accreditations for each facility type, 2. A sampling of relevant documents and other records and information for the most recent one-year period, 3. Shall observe, all areas of the audited facilities. 4. Shall be permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information). 5. Shall retain and preserve all documentation (including, e.g., video tapes and interview notes) relied upon in making audit determinations. Such documentation shall be provided to the Department of Justice upon request. 6. Shall interview a representative sample of inmates, residents, and detainees, and of staff, supervisors, and administrators. 7. Shall review a sampling of any available videotapes and other electronically available data that may be relevant to the provisions being audited. 8. Shall be permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees. 9. Shall attempt to communicate with community-based or victim advocates who may have insight into relevant conditions in the facility. <p>All inmates, residents, and detainees shall be permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The auditor was able to view the entire facility by physically walking the facility. Staff were cooperative, all requested documentation was provided. Postings of the on-site audit were</p>

	observed throughout the facility.
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Appendix: Provision Findings		
115.111 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.111 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment	
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its lockups?	yes
115.112 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of detainees	
	If this agency is law enforcement and it contracts for the confinement of its lockup detainees in lockups operated by private agencies or other entities, including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to adopt and comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the law enforcement agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of detainees.)	yes
115.112 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of detainees	
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the law enforcement agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of detainees OR the response to 115.112(a)-1 is "NO".)	yes

115.113 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the agency ensure that it has developed for each lockup a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect detainees against sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that it has documented for each lockup a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect detainees against sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that it takes into consideration the 4 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The physical layout of each lockup?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that it takes into consideration the 4 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The composition of the detainee population?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that it takes into consideration the 4 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that it takes into consideration the 4 criteria below in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.113 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the lockup document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	na

115.113 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the lockup assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: 1. The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the lockup assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: Prevailing staffing patterns?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the lockup assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The lockup's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the lockup assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the lockup has available to commit to ensure adequate staffing levels?	yes
115.113 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	If vulnerable detainees are identified pursuant to the screening required by § 115.141, does security staff provide such detainees with heightened protection, to include: Continuous direct sight and sound supervision?	yes
	If vulnerable detainees are identified pursuant to the screening required by § 115.141, does security staff provide such detainees with heightened protection, to include: Single-cell housing or placement in a cell actively monitored on video by a staff member sufficiently proximate to intervene, unless no such option is determined to be feasible?	yes
115.114 (a)	Juveniles and youthful detainees	
	Are juveniles and youthful detainees held separately from adult detainees? (N/A if the facility does not hold juveniles or youthful detainees (detainees <18 years old).)	na
115.115 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the lockup always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip searches or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.115 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the lockup document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes

115.115 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the lockup implement policies and procedures that enable detainees to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the lockup require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an area where detainees are likely to be showering, performing bodily functions, or changing clothing?	yes
115.115 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the lockup always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex detainees for the sole purpose of determining the detainee's genital status?	yes
	If a detainee's genital status is unknown, does the lockup determine genital status during conversations with the detainee, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
115.115 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the agency train law enforcement staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the agency train law enforcement staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex detainees in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
115.116 (a)	Detainees with disabilities and detainees who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Detainees who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Detainees who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all	yes

	aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Detainees who have intellectual disabilities?	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Detainees who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Detainees who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that detainees with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other? (if "other," please explain in the overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with detainees who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with detainees with disabilities including detainees who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with detainees with disabilities including detainees who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with detainees with disabilities including detainees who: are blind or have low vision?	yes

115.116 (b)	Detainees with disabilities and detainees who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to detainees who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
115.116 (c)	Detainees with disabilities and detainees who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on detainee interpreters, detainee readers, or other types of detainee assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the detainee's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.164, or the investigation of the detainee's allegations?	yes

115.117 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with detainees who: Has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with detainees who: Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with detainees who: Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the bullet immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with detainees who: o Has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with detainees who: Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with detainees who: Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the bullet immediately above?	yes
115.117 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or to enlist the services of any contractor, who may have contact with detainees?	yes
115.117 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with detainees, does the agency: Perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with detainees, does the agency: Consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes

115.117 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with detainees?	yes
115.117 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with detainees or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes
115.117 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with detainees directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with detainees directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.117 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.117 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Unless prohibited by law, does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes

115.118 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new lockup or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing lockups, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect detainees from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.118 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect detainees from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.121 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse in its lockups, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.121 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.121 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
115.121 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the detainee is transported for a forensic examination to an outside hospital that offers victim advocacy services, does the agency permit the detainee to use such services to the extent available, consistent with security needs?	yes
115.121 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating entity follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting any form of criminal or administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.122 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

115.122 (b)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	<p>If another law enforcement agency is responsible for conducting investigations of allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in its lockups, does the agency have a policy in place to ensure that such allegations are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior? (N/A if agency is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. See 115.121(a).)</p>	yes
	<p>Has the agency published such policy, including a description of responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity, on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means? (N/A if agency is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. See 115.121(a).)</p>	yes
	<p>Does the agency document all such referrals? (N/A if agency is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. See 115.121(a).)</p>	yes

115.131 (a)	Employee and volunteer training	
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: Its zero-tolerance policy and detainees' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement, including which detainees are most vulnerable in lockup settings?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: The right of detainees and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: How to communicate effectively and professionally with all detainees?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees and volunteers who may have contact with lockup detainees to be able to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures, including training on: How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
115.131 (b)	Employee and volunteer training	
	Have all current employees and volunteers who may have contact with detainees received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee and volunteer with annual refresher information to ensure that they know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes

115.131 (c)	Employee and volunteer training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.132 (a)	Detainee, contractor, and inmate worker notification of the agency's zero-tolerance policy	
	During the intake process, do employees notify all detainees of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.132 (b)	Detainee, contractor, and inmate worker notification of the agency's zero-tolerance policy	
	Does the agency ensure that, upon entering the lockup, all contractors and any inmates who work in the lockup are informed of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.134 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees and volunteers pursuant to §115.131, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
115.134 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include: Techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include: Proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include: Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include: The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes

115.134 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
115.141 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	If the lockup is not utilized to house detainees overnight, before placing any detainees together in a holding cell do staff consider whether, based on the information before them, a detainee may be at a high risk of being sexually abused? (N/A if the lockup is utilized to house detainees overnight.)	na
	When appropriate, do staff take necessary steps to mitigate such danger to the detainee? (N/A if the lockup is utilized to house detainees overnight.)	na
115.141 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	If the lockup is utilized to house detainees overnight, are all detainees screened to assess their risk of being sexually abused by other detainees or sexually abusive toward other detainees? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
115.141 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section, do staff always ask the detainee about his or her own perception of vulnerability? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes

115.141 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the screening process in the lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section consider, to the extent that the information is available, the following criteria to screen detainees for risk of sexual victimization: Whether the detainee has a mental, physical, or developmental disability. (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
	Does the screening process in the lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section consider, to the extent that the information is available, the following criteria to screen detainees for risk of sexual victimization: The age of the detainee? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
	Does the screening process in the lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section consider, to the extent that the information is available, the following criteria to screen detainees for risk of sexual victimization: The physical build and appearance of the detainee? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
	Does the screening process in the lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section consider, to the extent that the information is available, the following criteria to screen detainees for risk of sexual victimization: Whether the detainee has previously been incarcerated? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
	Does the screening process in the lockups described in paragraph (b) of this section consider, to the extent that the information is available, the following criteria to screen detainees for risk of sexual victimization: The nature of the detainee's alleged offense and criminal history? (N/A if lockup is NOT used to house detainees overnight.)	yes
115.151 (a)	Detainee reporting	
	Does the agency provide multiple ways for detainees to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple ways for detainees to privately report: Retaliation by other detainees or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple ways for detainees to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes

115.151 (b)	Detainee reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for detainees to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that entity or office able to receive and immediately forward detainee reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the detainee to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
115.151 (c)	Detainee reporting	
	Do staff members accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Do staff members promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment ?	yes
115.151 (d)	Detainee reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of detainees?	yes
115.154 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in its lockups?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of a detainee?	yes
115.161 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in an agency lockup?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against detainees or staff who reported such an incident?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes

115.161 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, do staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, and investigation decisions?	yes
115.161 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.161 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency report all allegations of sexual abuse, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the agency's designated investigators?	yes
115.162 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that a detainee is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the detainee?	yes
115.163 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that a detainee was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
115.163 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
115.163 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.163 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes

115.164 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that a detainee was sexually abused, is the first law enforcement staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a detainee was sexually abused, is the first law enforcement staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a detainee was sexually abused, is the first law enforcement staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that a detainee was sexually abused, is the first law enforcement staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
115.164 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a law enforcement staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify law enforcement staff?	yes
115.165 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the agency developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to a lockup incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	If a victim is transferred from the lockup to a jail, prison, or medical facility, does the agency, as permitted by law and unless the victim requests otherwise, inform the receiving facility of the incident and the victim's potential need for medical or social services?	yes

115.165 (b)	Coordinated response	
	If a victim is transferred from the lockup to a jail, prison, or medical facility, does the agency, as permitted by law, inform the receiving facility of the incident unless the victim requests otherwise? (N/A if the agency is not permitted by law to inform a receiving facility, where a victim is transferred from the lockup to a jail, prison, or medical facility as a result of an allegation of sexual abuse of the incident and the victim's potential need for medical or social services.)	yes
	If a victim is transferred from the lockup to a jail, prison, or medical facility, does the agency, as permitted by law, inform the receiving facility of the victim's potential need for medical or social services unless the victim requests otherwise? (N/A if the agency is not permitted by law to inform a receiving facility, where a victim is transferred from the lockup to a jail, prison, or medical facility as a result of an allegation of sexual abuse of the incident and the victim's potential need for medical or social services.)	yes
115.166 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect detainees from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limits the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with detainees pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	no
115.167 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all detainees and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other detainees or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.167 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for detainee victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or detainee abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for detainees or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

115.167 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of detainees or staff who have reported sexual abuse?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of detainees who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
115.167 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.171 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	yes
115.171 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.134?	yes
115.171 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes

115.171 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.171 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as detainee or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring a detainee who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.171 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.171 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.171 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.171 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.171(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
115.171 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the lockup or agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes

115.171 (l)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When outside agencies investigate sexual abuse, does the agency cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.121(a).)	na
115.172 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
115.176 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.176 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes
115.176 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.176 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: o Law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes

115.177 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with detainees?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.177 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with detainees?	yes
115.178 (a)	Referral for prosecution for detainee-on-detainee sexual abuse	
	When there is probable cause to believe that a detainee sexually abused another detainee in a lockup, does the agency refer the matter to the appropriate prosecuting authority?	yes
115.178 (b)	Referral for prosecution for detainee-on-detainee sexual abuse	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency inform the investigating entity of this policy? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for administrative and criminal investigations. See 115.121(a).)	na
115.182 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do detainee victims of sexual abuse in lockups receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment?	yes
115.182 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.186 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the lockup conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

115.186 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes
115.186 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors and investigators?	yes
115.186 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the lockup?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the lockup where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.186(d) (1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the lockup head and agency PREA coordinator?	yes
115.186 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the lockup implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes
115.187 (a)	Data collection	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at lockups under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes

115.187 (b)	Data collection	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
115.187 (c)	Data collection	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Local Jail Jurisdictions Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice, or any subsequent form developed by the Department of Justice and designated for lockups?	yes
115.187 (d)	Data collection	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
115.187 (e)	Data collection	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its detainees? (N/A if the agency does not contract for the confinement of its detainees.)	yes
115.187 (f)	Data collection	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	na
115.188 (a)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.187 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.187 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.187 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each lockup, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes

115.188 (b)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
115.188 (c)	Data review for corrective action	
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.188 (d)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a lockup?	yes
115.189 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.187 are securely retained?	yes
115.189 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from lockups under its direct control and any private agencies with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.189 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
115.189 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.187 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes

115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a “no” response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	na
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
115.403 (f)	Audit contents and findings	
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes