

PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Salem Correctional Center

Facility Type: Prison / Jail

Date Interim Report Submitted: NA

Date Final Report Submitted: 12/02/2021

Auditor Certification	
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Mable P. Wheeler	Date of Signature: 12/02/2021

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name:	Wheeler, Mable
Email:	wheeler5p@hotmail.com
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	10/19/2021
End Date of On-Site Audit:	10/20/2021

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Facility name:	Salem Correctional Center
Facility physical address:	7 Industrial Boulevard , Industrial , West Virginia - 26426
Facility Phone	
Facility mailing address:	

Primary Contact	
Name:	Amanda McGrew
Email Address:	amanda.d.mcgreww@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	304-352-4724

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director	
Name:	John Anderson
Email Address:	john.d.anderson@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	304-782-2371

Facility PREA Compliance Manager	
Name:	Kathy Hess
Email Address:	Katherine.N.Hess@wv.gov
Telephone Number:	O: 304-782-2371

Facility Health Service Administrator On-site	
Name:	Patty Davis
Email Address:	pdavis@wexford.com
Telephone Number:	304-782-2371

Facility Characteristics	
Designed facility capacity:	375
Current population of facility:	267
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	251
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	Males
Age range of population:	18 +
Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:	Min-Max
Does the facility hold youthful inmates?	No
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:	138
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	50
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	WV Department of Homeland Security
Physical Address:	1409 Greenbrier Street, Charleston, West Virginia - 25311
Mailing Address:	1409 Greenbrier Street, Charleston, West Virginia - 25311
Telephone number:	304-558-6032

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	Betsy Jividen
Email Address:	Betsy.Jividen@ww.gov
Telephone Number:	304-558-6032

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Tim Harper	Email Address:	Timothy.V.Harper@ww.gov

AUDIT FINDINGS

Narrative:

The auditor's description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor's process for the site review.

Introduction

The Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) audit onsite phase for Salem Correctional Center was conducted October 19–20, 2021. Salem Correctional Center is located 7 Industrial Boulevard, WV. 26426. The audit was conducted by Mable P. Wheeler from Macon, Georgia, who is a U. S. Department of Justice Certified PREA auditor for adults and juvenile facilities. The audit was assigned to Diversified Correctional Services, LLC as part of a contractual agreement with WV Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation. There are no known existing conflicts of interest or barriers to completing the audit. The facility has not been audited for compliance with the PREA Standards.

Mission:

The mission of the West Virginia Division of Corrections is to enhance public safety by providing safe, secure, and humane correctional facilities, operating an effective system of offender re-entry and community supervision reducing offender recidivism and assisting victims of crime.

Audit Methodology

Pre-Onsite Audit Phase

Prior to the onsite visit, the auditor contacted the PREA Compliance Manager to discuss the audit process and to set a tentative daily agenda and schedule for the onsite audit. The auditor requested the following information be provided the first day of the audit: daily population report, staff roster to include all departments; inmate roster by housing unit; listing of staff who perform risk assessments, list of medical staff; list of contractors and volunteers available during the audit; list of inmates with a PREA classification (identified through risk screening); list of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and intersex inmates; list of disabled (deaf, hard of hearing, blind, low vision, low cognitive skills) inmates, list of limited English proficient, inmates, list of allegations with investigation outcomes etc. This information was utilized to establish the interview schedules for the selection of inmates and staff to be interviewed; specialized interviews; due to Covid concerns, some specialized staff interviews were conducted privately via Zoom on September 23, 2021.

Notice of Audit Posting and Timeline

The audit notice was posted August 20, 2021. The audit notice was posted in English and Spanish on colorful paper using a large font. The audit notices were placed throughout the facility, in places visible to all Inmates, staff and visitors. Confirmation of revised audit notices was emailed to the auditor on August 20, 2021. Further verification of their placement was made through observations during the onsite Review and conversations with the inmates. The audit notices included a statement regarding confidentiality of inmate and staff correspondence with the auditor. Auditor received no correspondence from inmates or staff prior to the onsite audit.

Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) and Supporting Documentation

The PAQ and supporting documentation was uploaded into the PREA Online Audit System. Information for the current period (last 12 months) was provided by the facility. The auditor reviewed the PAQ, policy, procedures, and supporting documentation. Using the Auditor Compliance Tool and Checklist of Documentation, the auditor's initial analysis and review of the information, the auditor requested further documentation for clarification of several standards. Some of the information was provided electronically prior to the audit and the remaining documentation was provided during the on-site audit visit.

Requests of Facility Lists

Salem Correctional Center provided the following information for interview selections and document sampling:

Complete Inmate Roster	An up-to-date roster was provided upon arrival to the facility.
Inmates with physical disabilities	0
Inmates with hearing disabilities	0
Inmates with cognitive disabilities	0
Inmates who were LEP	0
Lesbian, Gay and Bisexual Inmates	0
Transgender/Intersex Inmates	0
Inmates in segregated housing	0
Inmates in Isolation	0
Inmates who reported sexual abuse	0
Inmates who reported prior sexual abuse	0
Inmates who disclosed sexual victimization during risk screening	0
Complete Staff Roster	The staff roster and schedule were provided upon arrival to the facility.
Specialized Staff	Specialized staff was identified on the roster.
Contractors who have contact with Inmates	50
Volunteers who have contact with Inmates	0
Grievances of sexual abuse/harassment	0
Allegations of sexual abuse/harassment	2
External Contacts	
Just Detention International	Just Detention International reviewed their database for records and information and reports no information for the preceding 12 months.
Community Based Organizations	WVFRIS Hotline 800.656.4673

Onsite Audit Phase Entrance briefing

On October 19, 2021, the entrance briefing, site review, and random inmate interviews were conducted, at the Salem Correctional Center with the Agency Director of PREA Compliance, Tim Harper; Agency PREA Coordinator, Amanda McGrew; Secretary OPC, Erika Dunlap; Superintendent, John Anderson; Deputy Superintendent, Katherine Hess, (PCM); and Certified Auditor, Mable P. Wheeler. Introductions were made and the agenda for the onsite visit was discussed.

On October 19, 2021, the auditor conducted the site review of Salem Correctional Center, accompanied by the Captain, Adam Burton. After the Site Review, the auditor conducted random staff and inmate interviews, all interviews were voluntary and conducted in privacy.

Site Review

The auditor had access to, and observed, all areas of the facility areas. The facility consists of nine (9) buildings which includes eight (8) inmate/detainees housing units, two hundred and eight (208) single housing cells, and seven (7) multiple occupancy cell housing unit, zero (0) open bay dorm housing units, and twenty (20) segregation/isolation cells.

The designated capacity for Salem Correctional Center & Jail is (375). Population on the first day of the on onsite audit was (249). The facility consists of housing units that is a direct supervision style in design. The facility has a video monitoring system, responsible for security surveillance; mirrors are also strategically placed throughout the facility to provide additional security.

Processes and areas observed

The Auditor was able to observe the intake process; the intake/classification area. Grievance/suggestion boxes are in the housing unit

dayrooms. Grievance forms and writing utensils are available upon request.

The staff conducting the site review and auditor's discussion with inmates verified the privacy for showering, using toilet and changing clothes. The auditor was able to observe the locations of the video monitoring cameras. PREA posters with telephone numbers for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment are visible in the housing units and common area. The auditor informally questioned inmates about basic PREA facts during visit to housing units.

Interviews Logistics Location and Privacy

All interviews were voluntary and privately conducted. Interviews were held in the inmate visitation area; this location provided privacy and minimum disruption of daily activities and programming. The auditor received no communications from inmates or staff prior to onsite visit.

Selection Process

The auditor made random selections for interviews utilizing current inmate and staff rosters. Using the random staff interview protocol fourteen (14) direct care staff was interviewed. Twenty-six (26) random inmates were interviewed using the inmate interview questionnaire. There was zero (0) inmates identified for targeted interviews; zero (0) inmates with Cognitive Disabilities; zero (0) inmates with Physical Disabilities; zero (0) inmates with a hearing disabilities; zero (0) inmates who was Limited English Proficient; zero (0) inmate identified as transgender, zero (0) inmates identified as gay/bisexual; zero (0) inmates who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening; zero (0) inmates who reported sexual abuse; zero (0) inmates who reported prior sexual abuse; and zero (0) inmate in segregated housing.

Interview Protocols	Number of Interviews
Administration and Agency Leadership	
Agency Director of PREA Compliance	1 (prior interview)
Agency PREA Compliance Coordinator	1 (prior interview)
Agency Contract Administrative	1 (prior interview)
Agency Investigator	1 (prior interview)
SANE	1 (prior interview)
Superintendent	1
PREA Compliance Manager	1
Human Resources	1
Medical	1
Mental Health	1
Intake	1
Retaliation Monitor	1
Incident Review Team Member	1
Staff supervising Inmates Housed in Segregation	1
Staff who Conduct Risk Screening	1
Contactors	1
Staff who conduct Unannounced Rounds	1
Random Staff	14
Random Inmates	26
Targeted Inmates	0
Specialized Staff	18
Total Interviews	58

Records Reviewed

Type of Records Reviewed	Total Number of Records
Personnel Files	25
Contractor Files	5
Inmate Files	25
Staff Training Files	25
Investigations Files	2

Exit briefing

An exit briefing was held on October 20, 2021, for Salem Correctional Center with the Agency Director of Compliance, Agency PREA Coordinator; Secretary OPC, Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent (PCM), Associate Superintendent of Programs, Chief of Security, and Business Manager, to discuss audit findings.

AUDIT FINDINGS

Facility Characteristics:

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate or resident population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

Characteristics Related to PREA and Sexual Safety

Parent Agency	West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation
Facility Name	Salem Correctional Center
Facility Address	7 Industrial Boulevard, Industrial, WV 26426
Facility Capacity	375
Average Daily Population	251
Population on day one of the audit	249
Population Gender	Male
Population Ethnicity	Multiethnic
Length of Stay	1 Year
Number of Staff	138
Number of Contractors	50
Number of Housing Unit	8
Single Cells	208
Multiple Occupancy Cells	7
Open Bay Dorms	0
Number of Segregation Cells	20
Medical Services on Site	Yes
Mental Health Services on Site	Yes
Video Monitoring	Yes

Salem Correctional Center Description

The Salem Correctional Center and Jail is located one mile West of Salem in Harrison/Doddridge County, West Virginia. The facility is located on a sixty-one-acre tract of land. It was formerly known as the West Virginia Industrial Home for Youth until July 1, 2013. The facility's designed capacity is 375, housing medium and maximum security inmates ages 18 and up; their average length of stay is one year. The population on the first day of the audit was 249. The facility does not hold Youthful Offenders. The facility has eight housing units consisting of two hundred and eight single cells, seven multiple occupancy housing units and twenty segregation cells.

Housing Units Capacity Population

Unit	Capacity	Population October 20, 2021
203	48	0
204	48	45
205	96	49
206	48	28
207	48	48
208	20	14
209	3	2
211A	32	32
211B	32	31

The facility offers the following programing for Inmates:

Thinking for a Change

Crime Victim Awareness

Cognitive Behavior Intervention for Substance Abuse

Batters Intervention Prevention Program

The facility has 138 staff members and 50 contractors that work at the facility. Currently volunteers are not allowed to enter any West Virginia correctional facilities due Covid concerns. The facility provides medical and mental health services on-site. SANE exams are not conducted on-site; they are conduct at a local hospital.

Staffing:

1 Superintendent

3 Associate Superintendents

3 Unit Managers

13 Officers I

9 Officers II

47 Officers III

9 Officers IV

4 Officers V

3 Officers VI

1 Program Manger

6 Program Specialists

6 Facility Coordinators

1 Business Manger

1 Accounting Technician II

1 Accounting Technician III

1 Procurement Associate

1 Human Resources Assistant

1 Human Resources Associate

1 secretary II

7 Office Assistants II

1 Inspector

1 Building and Grounds Manager

4 Maintenance Tech

6 Case Managers
7 Counselors I
3 Counselors II

2 Substance Abuse Therapists II

AUDIT FINDINGS

Summary of Audit Findings:

The OAS will automatically calculate the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and the number of standards not met based on the auditor's compliance determinations. If relevant, the auditor should provide the list of standards exceeded and/or the list of standards not met (e.g. Standards Exceeded: 115.xx, 115.xx..., Standards Not Met: 115.yy, 115.yy). Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.

Number of standards exceeded:	0
Number of standards met:	45
Number of standards not met:	0

Standards Exceeded

Number of Standards Exceeded: 0

List of Standards Exceeded:

Standards Met

Number of Standards Met: 45

Standards Not Met

Number of Standards Not Met: 0

List of Standards Not Met:

Standards

Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard
(Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard
(substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard
(requires corrective actions)

Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.11	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) WV Inspector General Table of Organization, WVDCR Organizational Chart, Salem Correctional Center Organizational Chart</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Interview with Agency's PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interview with Agency's PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Interviews with the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Observed though out the facility PREA related posters; phones with PREA Hotline dialing instructions</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, pages 2 – 4 include definitions: Contractors, Director of PREA Compliance, Exigent Circumstances, Gender Nonconforming, Intersex, Juvenile, Juvenile Facility, LGBTI, Medical Practitioner, Mental Health Practitioner, Offender, Office of PREA Compliance, PREA Coordinator, Preponderance of the Evidence, Sexual Abuse, Sexual Harassment, Staff, Staff Sexual Misconduct, Substantiated Allegation, Transgender, Unfounded Allegation, Unannounced Rounds, Unsubstantiated Allegation, Victim, and Volunteer.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 4 A states: DCR has zero tolerance for any acts of sexual abuse, assault, misconduct, or harassment. Sexual activity between staff and offenders, volunteers or contract personnel and offenders, regardless of consensual status, is prohibited and subject to administrative and criminal disciplinary sanctions up to and including dismissal and prosecution pursuant to West Virginia Code and DCR Policy and procedure.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 4 B states: The DCR Director of PREA Compliance along with DCR PREA Coordinators and designated support staff shall make up the Office of PREA Compliance and will have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, coordinate and oversee DCR efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all facilities.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 4 B states: Each facility Warden within DCR shall designate a PREA Compliance Manager, who will be the second highest ranking person. Those serving as PREA Compliance Managers within the Bureau of Juvenile Services upon the effective date of this policy will remain in effect at the discretion of the Director of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, in its entirety, addresses the agency's approach to ensure prevention, detection and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The policy is detailed and straight forward on:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. Prevention Planning II. Supervision and Monitoring III. Staff Training IV. Offender Education V. Screening for Risk of Sexual Victimization and Abusiveness VI. Reporting VII. Official Response VIII. Investigations IX. Staff Discipline X. Offender Discipline XI. Medical and Mental Health

XII. Data Collection and Review

XIII. Audits

XIV. Pertains Only to Juvenile Facilities

The goal of the Office of PREA Compliance is to continually make every effort to prevent, detect, and respond to such conduct.

PREA Standard§ 115.11 mandates that each facility designate a PREA compliance manager with sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards.

Comments:

The West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation takes the Prison Rape Elimination Act very seriously. They have developed the Office of PREA Compliance (statewide) which deals strictly with the components of PREA. This Department is responsible to the Assistant Commissioner, Inspector General Bureau. The Office of PREA Compliance is made up of the Director, two (2) PREA Compliance Officers (one for prisons and jails, the other for juveniles) and a secretary. The two (2) PREA Compliance Officers oversee 36 facility Compliance Managers (sixteen (16) prisons, ten (10) jails and ten (10) juvenile facilities). Each designated Compliance Manager is assigned only the responsibilities associated with PREA and reports to the Director of PREA Compliance and the Superintendent of the facility that they are assigned.

Inmates, staff, contractors and volunteers are trained on the zero-tolerance policy. They acknowledge and sign PREA Acknowledgment Statement. The auditor reviewed Training Rosters documenting completion of PREA Training. Acknowledgement Statements for employees and contractors and volunteers affirms they have received training on the Department's Zero Tolerance Policy on Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment. They also acknowledge that violation of the policy will result in disciplinary action, including termination or being banned from entering any correctional institution.

115.12	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA), Contracts with Youth Service Systems and County Commission of McDowell</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interview with West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with the Agency Contract Administrator</p> <p>Interview with Inspector General Bureau</p> <p>On or after August 20, 2012 or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later:</p> <p>The number of contracts for the confinement of inmates that the agency entered into or renewed with private entities or other government agencies: 2</p> <p>The number of contracts that DID NOT require contractors to adopt and comply with PREA standards: 0</p> <p>On or after August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later, the number of contracts that DO NOT require the agency to monitor contractor's compliance with PREA standards: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 C states: Any new contract or contract renewal for the confinement of offenders shall include an obligation to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Comply with PREA Standards. 2. Comply with DCR policy. 3. Ensure that the contracted facility is complying with the PREA standards by monitoring the facility performance. <p>Comments:</p> <p>The agency reports that it has entered into and/or renewed a contract with Youth Services System for the confinement of juvenile inmates and with County Commission of McDowell County since their last PREA audit. The auditor has reviewed contracts for both juvenile and adult offenders. Each of the reviewed contracts contained the same verbiage requiring BJS and Youth Services to adopt the PREA Standards and comply with them. They also acknowledged that the WV Division of Corrections and Rehabilitations monitors the facilities for compliance with all PREA Standards.</p>

115.13	Supervision and monitoring
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA), Salem Correctional Center, PREA 2021 Staffing Review, Post Assignment Roster Special Duty Position List, Samples of 2021 - Unannounced Rounds</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with Deputy Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Reviewed logbooks, unannounced rounds, staffing plans for prior year Since August 20, 2012, or last PREA audit, whichever is later:</p> <p>The average daily number of inmates: 375</p> <p>Since August 20, 2012, or last PREA audit, whichever is later, the average daily number of inmates on which the staffing plan was predicated: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 A states: DCR shall ensure that each of its facilities develops, documents and makes its best efforts to comply with the PREA staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing, and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect offenders against sexual abuse. In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, facilities shall take into consideration:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Generally accepted detention and correctional practices. 2. Any judicial finding of inadequacy. 3. Any findings of inadequacy from federal investigative agencies. 4. Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies. 5. All components of the facility's physical plant (including blind spots or areas where staff or offenders may be isolated). 6. The composition of the offender population. 7. The number and placement of supervisory staff. 8. Facility programs occurring on various shifts. 9. Any applicable State or local laws, regulations or standards. 10. Any prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse; and 11. Any other relevant factors. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 B states: In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, the Facility PREA Compliance Manager or designee shall document the noncompliance, in writing, and justify all deviations from the plan. This documentation will be forwarded to the Facility's Superintendent, appropriate Assistant Commissioner and the Office of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 5 C states: Whenever necessary, but no less frequently than once a year, the Facility PREA Compliance Manager from each facility, in consultation with the Office of PREA Compliance, shall assess, determine and document whether adjustments are needed to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The PREA staffing plans. 2. Prevailing staffing patterns. 3. The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies.

4. The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 D states: In an effort to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment, the Facility Superintendent shall ensure that the PREA Compliance Manager is completing unannounced rounds on all shifts. These rounds will be conducted in all areas of the facility, specifically in all offender living areas. Completion of unannounced rounds shall be documented in the appropriate database.

Policy # 430.00, page 6 E states: Any staff member found to be alerting other staff that these rounds are occurring will be subject to disciplinary action unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility.

The facility has implemented the policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment. These unannounced rounds occurred on night shifts as well as day shifts. The policy also prohibited staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds were occurring. The PREA Compliance Managers at facility reported that these rounds have been regularly completed over the last year. Rounds are documented via shift log and the Unannounced Rounds Form.

Comments:

Per the PAQ and interview with administrators, shortages of staff occur due to hospital duty, call-offs and agency's inability to attract qualified staff. The facility response to staff call-offs, sick leave, etc. is to freeze staff, other DCR staff volunteer to work overtime to ensure the facility is fully staffed at all times. The facility has not deviated from the Staffing Plan in the last 12 months.

Staffing plans are reviewed yearly. With the development of the Office of PREA Compliance the format for staffing plans and how it is reviewed has become more formalized. The facility PREA Compliance Manager shared that she is involved with the Staffing Plan. She reviews it with the Director of PREA Compliance, the PREA Coordinator and Superintendent before it is finalized. There are no judicial or federal investigative findings of inadequacy. The facility staffing plan was updated in February 2021.

115.14	Youthful inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>None</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of youthful inmates housed at this facility: 0</p> <p>The number of housing units to which youthful offenders are assigned that provide sight and sound separation between youthful and adult offenders in day rooms, common areas, showers, and sleeping quarters: 0</p> <p>The number of youthful inmates placed in the SAME HOUSING UNIT as adults in this facility: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of youthful inmates who have been placed in isolation in order to separate them from adult inmates: 0</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The facility reports that they do not hold anyone younger than 18 years of age.</p>

115.15	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Policy Directive #411.00; Subject: Gender Nonconforming Inmates/Residents Policy Directive #111; Subject – Training and Employee Development Training Curriculum Searches – Training Logs</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interviews with Staff</p> <p>Interviews with Random Inmates</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Training Records</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates: 0</p> <p>The number of cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates that did not involve exigent circumstances or were performed by non-medical staff: 0</p> <p>Percent of all security staff who received training on conducting cross-gender pat-down searches and searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, consistent with security needs: 100%</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 F states: Staff shall not conduct cross gender pat-down, strip searches or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or when performed by medical practitioners in accordance with current Policy. All exigent cross- gender searches will be documented via incident report. For a facility whose rated capacity does not exceed 50 offenders, the facility shall not permit cross-gender pat-down searches of female offenders, absent exigent circumstances. Facilities shall not restrict female offenders' access to regularly available programming or other out of cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision. If these searches occur, they shall be documented.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 G states: Offenders shall be able to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. This limitation not only applies to in-person viewing, but also all forms of remote viewing as well.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 H states: Staff shall announce their presence every time they enter an offender housing unit of the opposite gender to indicate that there will be someone of the opposite gender on the unit.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 I states: Facilities shall not search or physically examine a transgender or intersex offender for the sole purpose of determining genital status. If unknown, staff should attempt to determine the genital status through conversations with the offender or by reviewing medical records.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 J states: Staff shall be trained to conduct pat searches of transgender and intersex offenders, in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security.</p> <p>Policy Directive 411, page 3, III B states: Transgender and intersex inmates/residents shall be given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates/residents.</p> <p>Policy Directive 411, page 3, III D states: Facilities shall make all attempts to take into consideration inmate/resident preference when assigning staff members to perform strip searches. In exigent circumstances, cross gender searches may occur.</p> <p>Policy Directive #111, page 5 – 6 states: OJT, Basic, and In-Service Training for any person who works in or with the WVDCR, including vendors, contractors, and volunteers, shall minimally include:</p> <p>A. The zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <p>B. How to fulfill their responsibilities under the WVDCR's sexual misconduct prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures.</p>

- C. Inmates/residents right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment.
- D. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement.
- E. The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims.
- F. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse.
- G. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates/residents.
- H. How to communicate effectively and professionally with everyone, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming persons.
- I. How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities.
- J. All such training shall be tailored to the gender of the inmates/residents at the employee's facility, and employees shall receive additional training if the employee is reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa.
- K. Each employee will complete refresher training at least every two (2) years to ensure that all employees know the WVDCR's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures; in years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, the employee shall be provided refresher information on current sexual misconduct policies.
- L. All such training shall be documented through employee signature or electronic verification that employees understand the training they have received.

Comments:

At the time of the on-site audit, there was no transgender inmate at the facility. Inmates interviewed stated that they feel safe at the facility. All individuals interviewed (Superintendents, staff, and inmates) stated that no cross-gender searches, visual body cavity searches or pat-downs have occurred at the facility; however, all staff has been trained to conduct searches. This facility does not hold female inmates.

115.16	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA); Propio Language Services Contract</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interviews with Random staff</p> <p>Interviews with inmates who had cognitive disabilities-NA</p> <p>Interviews with inmates who had physical disabilities-NA</p> <p>Interviews with inmates who had hearing disabilities-NA</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Inmate Handbook and PREA Posters</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of instances where inmate interpreters, readers, or other types of inmate assistants have been used and it was not the case that an extended delay in obtaining another interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first- response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6K states: Facilities shall take reasonable steps to ensure all offenders with disabilities and those who are limited English proficient have meaningful access and equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the DCR's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The facility shall use the contracted translation services to facilitate communication with the offender.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 6 – 7 L states: Written materials will either be delivered in alternative formats that accommodate the offender's disability or the information will be delivered through alternative methods, that ensure effective communication with offenders with disabilities, including those with intellectual disabilities, limited reading skills, or no or low vision. Reading the information to the offender or communicating through an interpreter, will ensure that they understand the PREA related material. In addition to providing such education, the facility shall ensure that key information is continuously and readily available to offenders through posters, or other written formats.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 M states: Only staff members or qualified contractors will provide translation for offenders. The DCR shall not rely on offender interpreters, readers, or other types of offender assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the offender's safety, the performance of first-response duties, or the investigation of the offender's allegations.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with staff and inmates related that inmate interpreters are not used. When someone is in need of an interpreter, Propio Language Services is utilized. Written materials are given to inmates when they arrive at the facility and PREA signage is posted around the facilities. During the on-site visit, no inmates were identified as LEP or need specialized services.</p>

115.17	Hiring and promotion decisions
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Personnel Files of Staff who were hired or promoted in last twelve months for criminal background checks and past conduct, Personnel Files of Staff re: five-year background records checks Review of Entry Level Oral Interview Questionnaire</p> <p>Interview with Human Resources Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of persons hired who may have contact with inmates who have had criminal background record checks: 46</p> <p>The percent of person hired who may have contact with inmates who have had criminal background record checks: 100% In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract who might have contact with inmates: 0</p> <p>The percent of contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract who might have contact with inmates: NA</p> <p>A review of Entry Level Oral Interview questions confirmed the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What will you do if you see a co-worker breaking the rules or regulations? • If you see a co-worker making inappropriate Comments: or behavior in a sexual manner to an inmate, what would you do? • Have you ever engaged in sexual abuse or sexual misconduct in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution? • Have you ever been criminally convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in coerced or forced sexual activity, including any type of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment? • Have you ever been civilly or administratively found liable for engaging in coerced or forced sexual activity, including any type of sexual misconduct or sexual harassment? <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 N states: All individuals who may have contact with offenders will be asked to disclose previous misconduct during interviews for hiring, promoting or as part of reviews of current employees. Employees shall have a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct. DCR shall not hire, promote or enlist the services of any person who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution or has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse or has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in such activity. The DCR shall consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or enlist the services of any contractor, who may have contact with offenders. Material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, shall be grounds for termination.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 O states: A background investigation will be completed before hiring or promoting employees, enlisting the services of contractors, interns or volunteers. The DCR shall conduct criminal background checks of all employees, volunteers, interns and contractors every four years.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 P states: Consistent with Federal, State, and local law, the DCR must make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse. Unless prohibited by law or policy, the DCR shall provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving former employees upon receiving a request from an institutional employer from whom the employee has applied to work.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Files of staff and contractors were reviewed for compliance of this standard. All files reviewed had up-to-date criminal history checks. By utilizing pre-hire criminal background checks, reviewing the questionnaire (noted above), on-going criminal</p>

background checks, and human resource standards, it appears that no staff has been hired or promoted that has had an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

115.18	Upgrades to facilities and technologies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews:</p> <p>Interviews with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Observed cameras in throughout the facilities.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 7 Q states: When designing or acquiring any new facility and in planning any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, the DCR shall consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the DCR's ability to protect residents from sexual abuse. The PREA Compliance Manager will be responsible for consulting with the Office of PREA Compliance, when installing or updating a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, the DCR shall consider how such technology may enhance the DCR's ability to protect residents from sexual abuse.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Salem Correctional Center has had upgrades to their video monitoring systems since August 20, 2012, per the PAQ.</p>

115.21	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Abuse Shift Supervisor - PREA Checklist Medical - PREA Checklist - West Virginia State Police Service Agreement - Agreement between The West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation AND WV Foundation for Rape Information and Services (WVFRIS)</p> <p>Interview with Health Services Administrator</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>Interview with SANE Nurse</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of forensic medical exams conducted: 0 The number of exams performed by SANES/SAFEs: 0</p> <p>The number of exams performed by a qualified medical practitioner: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 F states: Administrative and criminal investigations shall be conducted in accordance with best practice for the investigation of sexual assault and shall follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative procedures and criminal prosecutions. The protocol shall be adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 I states: As requested by the victim, the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member shall accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews and shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 E states: When an outside agency investigates sexual abuse, the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the Medical and Mental Health requirements of this policy. CID shall endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation and regularly update Office of PREA Compliance throughout the investigative process.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: Victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. All victims of sexual abuse shall be offered access to forensic medical examinations at the facility or an outside facility, such examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) where possible. The DCR shall document efforts to provide SAFE's or SANE's, if one is not available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners. Treatment shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 C states: The facility will use the list of local hospitals that employ a SANE (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner), to determine the appropriate medical provider to transport to. Any refusal by the offender to undergo the forensic exam must be documented. If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent abuse is made, first responders shall take preliminary steps to protect the victim and shall immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 D states: The DCR shall attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center. If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, the DCR shall provide a qualified staff member to provide these services. Agencies shall document efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers. If requested by the victim, a victim advocate, qualified DCR staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member shall accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews and shall provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals. To the extent the DCR itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the requirements within policy.</p>

Comments:

The facility investigators complete administrative investigations. Criminal Investigations are completed by the West Virginia State Police. The written agreement between the agency and the WV State Police is “for the purpose of responding, investigating and if needed legally charging sexual assault/rape perpetrators for incidents that occur while incarcerated at any of the West Virginia Prisons or Work Camps. Partnership will commence on any date set forth and will be managed and maintained in compliance with PREA Standards.”

The agreement between the West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation and the West Virginia Foundation for Rape Information and Services and its Partnering Agencies is quite extensive. It provides a lengthy description of the “Scope of Work” (including training, number of victim services hours, creation of a brochure, statewide MOU, safety and security, confidentiality, criminal background checks) and Terms and Conditions (Scope of Services, Term, Accounting and Payment for Contractor Services, Delegation and Subcontracting, Contractor Relationship, No Guarantee of Employment, Regulations and Requirements, Right to Review, Modifications, Termination for Default, Termination for Any Other Reason, Termination Due to Insufficient Funds, Termination Procedure, Defense and Indemnity Agreement, Confidentiality and Disclosure, Requests for Information, Venue and Choice of Law, State Employees, Insurance, Rights and Remedies, Patents, Ownership of Items Produced, Clean Air and Water, Non-Discrimination, Third Party Beneficiaries, Standard of Care, Time is of the Essence, Notice, Severability, Waiver, Construction, Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance, and Entire Agreement.)

The interview with the facility PREA Investigator verified the protocol taken in evidence collection. The interviews with staff confirmed that they were aware of the format to collect evidence if required to do so.

West Virginia Foundation for Rape Information and Services indicated that the facility contacts them upon the need for a victim advocate at the facility. The Health Services Administrator stated that no victim is ever charged for any examination, medical follow-up, or advocacy services (to include psychiatric care) related to sexual abuse or harassment. Additionally, all stated that forensic SANE examinations are conducted at the local hospital. The PREA Checklists are concise and well maintained.

115.22	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <hr/> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Investigative Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment that were received: 2 The number of allegations resulting in an administrative investigation: 2</p> <p>The number of allegations referred for criminal investigation: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 16 A states: Protection of witnesses and the victim shall be paramount throughout the investigation process. The Office of PREA Compliance, in conjunction with the facility PCM shall ensure that an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Individuals conducting these investigations will receive specialized training. 2. Staff members, as designated by the Superintendent, shall do an inquiry on offender-on-offender harassment allegations. 3. CID investigators will conduct investigations on all staff on offender allegations and offender-on-offender sexual abuse allegations. 4. CID investigators will be primarily responsible for contacting and referring criminal allegations and assisting as needed with the investigation. 5. Investigations will be promptly, thoroughly, and objectively completed for all allegations, including third party and anonymously reported allegations. The reports and all related documentation are to be entered in the appropriate tracking system. 6. Staff having any knowledge of or reason to suspect that sexual misconduct has taken place, is subject to questioning by person(s) investigating such allegations. Failure to cooperate with the investigation, such as withholding known information, withholding evidence or giving false statements will result in disciplinary action. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 16 E states: When an outside agency investigates sexual abuse, the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the Medical and Mental Health requirements of this policy. CID shall endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation and regularly update Office of PREA Compliance throughout the investigative progress.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 16 C states: Criminal investigations shall be documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible. Substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal shall be referred for prosecution.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>All PREA allegations are filtered through the PREA Compliance Manager. She forwards reports to the investigator and the Office of PREA Compliance. All allegations are investigated. If an allegation meets the level of a criminal action, the complaint is sent to the West Virginia State Police. The Agency's website addresses the reporting of Sexual Abuse and Harassment.</p>

115.31	Employee training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Material Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Policy Directive #111; Subject: Training and Employee Development - Certificates of Receipt and Understanding, Proprio Language Services Instructions WVDCR Orientation PREA Training / Training Curriculum/Instruction Cross Gender Viewing/Searches - Curriculum / Lesson Plan - Prison Rape Elimination Act for Employees and Contract Staff PREA Training Orientation – Handout</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Review of Staff Training Records The PREA Lesson Plan Performance Objectives include: Defining WVDCR's Zero Tolerance Policy and key definitions; Learn about inmate's right to be free of abuse, harassment and retaliation; Defining your responsibilities under WVDCR policy; Understand announcements and searches; List which inmates are particularly vulnerable to abuse; Understand the common reactions to sexual abuse; Learn how to detect signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse; Define First Responder duties; Explain how to handle disclosures; Explain how to complete an incident report; Explain false reports and how to handle them; Learn how to communicate professionally and respectfully with inmates, including LGBTI inmates; and Define how to avoid (in) appropriate relationships.</p> <p>Policy Directive #111, page 5 – 6 states: OJT, Basic, and In-Service Training for any person who works in or with the WVDCR, including vendors, contractors, and volunteers, shall minimally include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. The zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment. B. How to fulfill their responsibilities under the WVDCR's sexual misconduct prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures. C. Inmates/residents right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment, and the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and scxua1 harassment. D. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement. E. The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims. F. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse. G. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates/residents. H. How to communicate effectively and professionally with everyone, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming persons. I. How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities. J. All such training shall be tailored to the gender of the inmates/residents at the employee's facility, and employees shall receive additional training if the employee is reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa. K. Each employee will complete refresher training at least every two (2) years to ensure that all employees know the WVDCR's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures; in years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, the employee shall be provided refresher information on current sexual misconduct policies. L. All such training shall be documented through employee signature or electronic verification that employees understand the training they have received. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 B states: At a minimum, the training shall include the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Sexual contact with an offender is prohibited. 2. Offender's right to report if sexual contact occurs. 3. The zero-tolerance policy against sexual abuse and sexual harassment within the DCR.

4. How staff are to fulfill their responsibilities under the Division's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting and response policies and procedures as defined in this policy.
5. Offenders' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment.
6. The right of offenders and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment.
7. The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement.
8. The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims.
9. How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse.
10. How to avoid inappropriate relationships with offenders.
11. How to communicate effectively and professionally with offenders, including LGBTI or gender nonconforming offenders.
12. How to comply with relevant laws of West Virginia related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities.
13. Sexual Misconduct in Confinement Facilities;

Policy # 430.00, page 8 D states: Staff training shall be appropriate to the gender of the offenders within the facility.

Policy # 430.00, page 8 E states: The DCR shall provide employees with a yearly refresher to ensure that all employees know the current sexual harassment policies and procedures.

Facilities shall ensure that volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders have been trained on their responsibilities under the DCR's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection and response policies and procedures. The level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services that they provide and level of contact they have with offenders, but all volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders shall be notified on the DCR's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents.

Policy # 430.00, page 8 C states: Each facility shall document through a Certificate of Understanding that staff, volunteers and contract employees have received and understand the training they have received. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance.

Comments:

Training files were reviewed during the onsite visit. All files reviewed confirmed that training is up to date, signatures were readily available. Interviews with staff confirmed they are aware of the components of PREA. As the facility holds male inmates, employees are gender specific trained.

115.32	Volunteer and contractor training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) PREA Handout for Contractors and Volunteers - PREA Acknowledgement form Volunteers, Contractors and Mentors Training for Volunteers and Contractors Interviews with Contractors – Medical NIC Training Certificates</p> <p>Interview:</p> <p>Interview with Contract Medical Staff</p> <p>The number of volunteers and individual contractors, who have contact with inmates, who have been trained in agency's policies and procedures regarding sexual abuse/harassment prevention, detection, and response: 50</p> <p>The percent of volunteers and individual contractors, who have contact with inmates, who have been trained in agency's policies and procedures regarding sexual abuse/harassment prevention, detection and response: 100%</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 A states: A. All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns will receive training regarding DCR's zero tolerance policy regarding sexual misconduct. This training should be conducted during orientation, but no later than thirty (30) days after date of hire.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 C states: Each facility shall document through a Certificate of Understanding that staff, volunteers and contract employees have received and understand the training they have received. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 8 E states: The DCR shall provide employees with a yearly refresher to ensure that all employees know the DCR's current sexual harassment policies and procedures. Facilities shall ensure that volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders have been trained on their responsibilities under the DCR's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection and response policies and procedures. The level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services that they provide and level of contact they have with offenders, but all volunteers and contractors who have contact with offenders shall be notified on the DCR's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with staff confirmed that they are aware of each of PREA's components. The facility houses male inmates, all employees are gender specific trained. Volunteers and Contractors receive the same training as staff. Review of training records confirm all staff has been trained on PREA. In an interview with a contracted medical staff, she confirmed she has been trained on all PREA Components and understood her responsibilities on how to report, who to report to and her role in responding to a PREA incident. Medical staff has also completed NIC training, certificates were provided for auditor's review. Due to Covid concerns, volunteers are not allowed to enter the facility.</p>

115.33	Inmate education
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 208 451 235">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="240 271 454 297">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="240 329 1449 387">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) PREA Orientation Brochure, Review of files of Inmates</p> <p data-bbox="240 418 446 445">Interviews with Staff</p> <p data-bbox="240 477 478 504">Interviews with Inmates</p> <p data-bbox="240 535 504 562">Interview with Intake Staff</p> <p data-bbox="240 593 371 620">Site Review:</p> <p data-bbox="240 651 496 678">Review of PREA Posters</p> <p data-bbox="240 710 719 736">Of inmates admitted during the past 12 months:</p> <p data-bbox="240 768 831 795">The number who were given this information at intake: 573</p> <p data-bbox="240 826 847 853">The percent who were given this information at intake: 100%</p> <p data-bbox="240 884 954 911">The number who received such education within 30 days of intake: 573</p> <p data-bbox="240 943 970 969">The percent who received such education within 30 days of intake: 100%</p> <p data-bbox="240 1001 1477 1153">Policy # 430.00, page 9 – 10 A states: During the intake process, offenders shall receive educational information explaining, in an age-appropriate fashion, the DCR's zero-tolerance policy on sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or harassment. This information shall be communicated verbally, in writing and in language clearly understood by the offender. The curriculum may be provided to offenders individually or in groups. At a minimum, the offender shall receive:</p> <ol data-bbox="240 1184 1477 1960" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Information regarding the agencies reporting procedures. 2. Information related to access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse, by providing, posting, or otherwise making accessible mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. 3. The facility shall inform offenders, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws. The facility shall enable reasonable confidential communication between offenders and these organizations. 4. The offender shall sign an acknowledgement of receiving the PREA training and PREA related materials. This documentation shall be placed in the offender's record. 5. For people detained solely for civil immigration purposes, the person will receive contact information for immigrant service agencies. The facility shall enable reasonable communication between offenders and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible. 6. Within thirty (30) days of intake, offenders shall receive comprehensive education regarding their rights to be free from sexual abuse, sexual harassment and retaliation for reporting such incidents and regarding DCR policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. Offenders should sign an acknowledgement of receiving training. If the acknowledgement is electronically signed, it shall be printed and placed in the offender's record. (115.33 (b)) 7. It is mandatory that offenders attend PREA training. Offenders refusing, without good cause, shall be disciplined. The Facility PREA Compliance Manager or designee can make accommodations for offenders who have been previously sexually abused for who may have other good cause to find the training too difficult in a group setting. <p data-bbox="240 1991 1477 2143">Policy # 430.00, page 10 B states: When a new offender is received from another DCR facility, staff shall check the offender's Institutional Record for documentation that he or she has previously completed all PREA training. The offender shall be provided a handbook, if needed, and will be given PREA training to the extent that the procedures of the offender's new facility differ from those of the previous facility. If documentation is not found or if they leave custody and return, they shall be provided the required PREA training.</p>

Policy # 430.00, page 6 – 7 L states: Written materials will either be delivered in alternative formats that accommodate the offender's disability or the information will be delivered through alternative methods, that ensure effective communication with offenders with disabilities, including those with intellectual disabilities, limited reading skills, or no or low vision. Reading the information to the offender or communicating through an interpreter, will ensure that they understand the PREA related material. In addition to providing such education, the facility shall ensure that key information is continuously and readily available to offenders through posters, or other written formats.

Policy # 430.00, page 10 4 states: The offender shall sign an acknowledgement of receiving the PREA training and PREA related materials. This documentation shall be placed in the offender's record.

Comments:

The auditor observed the intake/booking process. Inmates receive PREA information via handout, discussion and video. For those inmates who have limited English proficiency, the Proprio language lines are utilized. The facility also employs bilingual staff. In case of visually impaired or an inmate with cognitive disabilities, staff related that counselors are there to review the information with them. All inmates are required to view PREA video on kiosk prior to gaining initial access to equipment.

115.34	<p>Specialized training: Investigations</p> <p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; pages 8 - 9 F –G Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Verification of Training of Investigators/Records Miranda, Garrity, PREA, Training Curriculum, Review of Sexual Assault Victims in A Confinement Setting Training PREA – Report Writing Training, Investigating Sexual Abuse in a Confinement Setting</p> <p>Interviews with Investigative Staff</p> <p>The number of investigators the agency currently employs: 25</p> <p>The number of investigators currently employed who have completed the required training: 25</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 9 F states: In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to § 115.31, the DCR shall ensure that, to the extent the DCR itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings. Corrections Investigations Division (CID) investigative staff shall receive additional specialized training on conducting sexual abuse investigations in confinement settings. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance. This specialized training will include but is not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Interviewing sexual abuse victims. 2. Proper use of Miranda warnings and the Garrity rule. 3. Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings. 4. The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecutorial referral. <p>Comments:</p> <p>The facility provided training records for investigators. These records include verification of NIC training PREA: Your Role Responding to Sexual Abuse, completion of the Miranda Rights and Garrity Warning Training, completion of the Report Writing – PREA Investigations and completion of the Interview of Sexual Assault Victims in a Confinement Setting and Investigating Sexual Abuse in a confinement Setting.</p>
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115.35	<p>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</p> <p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA), NIC Training Certificates Medical Health Care for Sexual Assault Victims in a Confinement Setting, Training logs of Medical</p> <p>Interview with HSA</p> <p>The number of all medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly at this facility who received the training: 20</p> <p>The percent of all medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly at this facility who received the training required by agency policy: 100%</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 9 G states: In addition to the general training provided by the facility during Orientation, all full- and part-time medical and mental health staff shall receive additional specialized training regarding victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. This training will be coordinated and completed by a qualified source. All medical staff must receive this training during orientation, but no later than one (1) month of the effective date of hire.</p> <p>Contracted medical staff employed by the DCR will not conduct forensic examinations. This specialized training will include, but is not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. 2. How to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse. 3. How to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. 4. How and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. <p>Comments:</p> <p>The interview with the HSA confirmed that not only do they complete the required training at the facility and through NIC, but also through Wexford. Wexford provides training monthly; one of those months is dedicated to PREA. The training logs for Health Services staff confirmed completion of required facility training. Wexford training records are not kept on site. Medical staff at this facility does not complete forensic examinations; SANE nurses are called to conduct exams at a local hospital.</p>
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115.41	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) PREA Screening Instrument – Initial and Reassessment</p> <p>Interviews with Inmates</p> <p>Interviews with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening</p> <p>Interview with Director of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interview with Compliance Manager</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of inmates entering the facility (either through intake or transfer) whose length of stay in the facility was for 72 hours or more who were screened for risk of sexual victimization or risk of sexually abusing other inmates within 72 hours of their entry into the facility: 573</p> <p>The percent of inmates entering the facility (either through intake or transfer) whose length of stay in the facility was for 72 hours or more who were screened for risk of sexual victimization or risk of sexually abusing other inmates within 72 hours of their entry into the facility: 100%</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of inmates entering the facility who were reassessed for their risk of sexual victimization or being sexually abusive within 30 days after their arrival at the facility based upon any additional, relevant information received through intake: 573</p> <p>The percent of inmates entering the facility (either through intake or transfer) who were reassessed for their risk of sexual victimization or being sexually abusive within 30 days after their arrival at the facility based upon any additional, relevant information received through intake: 100%</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 10 A states: All offenders shall be assessed individually and in a private setting during intake screening and upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other offenders or sexually abusive toward other offenders prior to housing in general population.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 10 B states: The screening will occur:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Within 72 hours of intake. 2. Upon transfer to a new facility. 3. After an incident of sexual abuse. 4. Or when warranted due to a referral, request, or receipt of additional information that bears on the offender's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 11 C states: This shall be accomplished by using an objective PREA Screening Instrument to gather the following information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Known or perceived gender nonconforming appearance or identifies as lesbian, gay, bisexual transgender or intersex (LGBTI) and whether the offender may therefore be vulnerable to sexual abuse. 2. Whether the offender has a mental, physical, or developmental disability. 3. Offender's age and physical build. 4. Current charge, offense history and whether the offender has been previously incarcerated for convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child or a history of acts of sexual abuse. 5. Whether the offender's criminal history is exclusively non-violent.

6. Whether the offender has previously experienced sexual victimization.

7. The offender's own perceptions of her or his vulnerability.

8. Any specific information about individual offenders that may indicate heightened needs for supervision, additional safety precautions, or separation from certain other offenders.

9. Whether the offender is detained solely for civil immigration purposes.

Policy # 430.00, page 11 D/E states: The initial screening shall consider prior acts of sexual abuse, prior convictions for violent offenses, and history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse, as known to the DCR, in assessing offenders for risk of being sexually abusive. This information shall be ascertained through:

1. Conversations with the offenders during the intake process.

2. Medical and mental health screenings.

3. During classification assessments.

4. By reviewing court records, case files, facility behavioral records, and other relevant documentation from the offender's files.

Policy # 430.00, page 11 F states: Facility staff and contractors involved in the assessment process will not disseminate responses to the screening questions or other sensitive information which may be exploited to the offender's detriment by staff or other offenders. Offenders determined to be at risk for sexual victimization if assigned to general population will be identified. This information will be documented in the offender's file, and in the appropriate database. Offenders may not be disciplined for refusing to answer or for not disclosing complete information. If an offender refuses to disclose the information requested, housing placement should be based on a review of the offender's records.

Policy # 430.00, page 11 - 12 G states: The Superintendent shall designate specific staff to complete PREA reassessments. PREA reassessment shall be completed within a set time period, not exceed 30 days from the offender's arrival at the facility. The facility will reassess the offender's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening.

Comments:

The WV Division of Corrections & Rehabilitation, PREA Screening Instrument (Initial and Reassessment) was reviewed and contains all the elements of 115.41 (d) (e). The completion of the Initial Assessment occurs while the inmate is still in booking. The Counselors at the facility ensure the completion of the Reassessments within 30 days of admission per PREA Policy. Interviews revealed that not all reassessments included a face to face with inmate. The Office of PREA Compliance has completed a revised protocol for the completion of reassessments, to include when additional reassessments should occur. Auditor has monitored assessments/reassessments for the last forty-five (45) days to ensure that process has been implemented.

When Assessments and Reassessments are completed, the forms are placed in the inmate files. These files are kept behind a locked door with limited access to staff. Potential victim or predators are noted, an "Alert" is placed in their computer system. This information is used for housing assignments and work details, if applicable.

115.42	Use of screening information
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Policy Directive #411.00; Subject: Gender Nonconforming Inmates/Residents Policy</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Interview with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening</p> <p>Interview with Transgender -NA</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Inmate's File Reviews</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 H states: The PREA screening assessment information shall be used to make decisions regarding, housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments. The goal of the DCR is to keep offenders that are at high risk for being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive. The facility shall make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each offender;</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 J states: The DCR shall not consider Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification or status as an indicator of likelihood of being sexually abusive. The facility shall consider the offender's health and safety when determining placement. In deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex offender to a facility for male or female offenders, and in making other housing and programming assignments, the DCR shall consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the offender's health and safety, and whether the placement would present management or security problems.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 K states: All staff, volunteers, and contractors will communicate with, treat, and talk about any offender who is LGBTI, or perceived to be LGBTI, in a professional and respectful manner. Placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex offender shall be reassessed twice a year. Staff will take into consideration the facility population, staffing patterns, physical layouts and legal requirements. LGBTI offenders will not be placed in dedicated facilities or units solely based on such identification or status. A transgender or intersex offender's own views with respect to his or her own safety shall be given serious consideration. Transgender and intersex offenders shall be given the opportunity to shower separately from other offenders.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>When Assessments and Reassessments are completed, the forms are placed in the inmate files. These files are kept behind a locked door with limited access. LGBTI offenders are not housed in dedicated housing units; they are housed in general population. In deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex offender to a facility for male or female offenders, and in making other housing and programming assignments, the DCR shall consider on a case-by- case basis whether a placement would ensure the offender's health and safety, and whether the placement would present security problems.</p>

115.43	Protective Custody
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="242 271 448 300">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="242 329 1158 358">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p data-bbox="242 387 542 416">Interview with Superintendent</p> <p data-bbox="242 445 876 474">Interview of Staff who Supervise Inmate in Segregated Housing</p> <p data-bbox="242 504 766 533">Interviews with Inmates in Segregated Housing - NA</p> <p data-bbox="242 562 469 591">Interview with Inmates</p> <p data-bbox="242 620 1490 680">The number of inmates at risk of sexual victimization who were held in involuntary segregation housing in the past 12 months for one to 24 hours awaiting completion of assessment: 0</p> <p data-bbox="242 710 1449 770">In the past 12 months, the number of inmates at risk of sexual victimization who were assigned to involuntary segregated housing for longer than 30 days while awaiting alternative placement: 0</p> <p data-bbox="242 799 1473 927">Policy # 430.00, page 12 L states: Offenders with a high risk for sexual victimization shall not be placed in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. If the facility cannot conduct the assessment immediately, the facility may hold the offender in involuntary segregated housing no longer than 24 hours while completing the assessment.</p> <p data-bbox="242 956 1398 1016">Policy # 430.00, page 12 - 13 M states: If an involuntary segregation housing assignment is made, the facility PREA Compliance Manager shall clearly document the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="242 1046 957 1189" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="242 1046 916 1075">1. The basis for the staff member's concern for the offender's safety. <li data-bbox="242 1104 932 1133">2. The other alternative means of separation that were explored; and. <li data-bbox="242 1162 957 1191">3. The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged. <p data-bbox="242 1220 1493 1550">Policy # 430.00, page 13 N states: Offender's placed in involuntary segregation for protection from sexual victimization shall have access to programs, privileges and education. Work opportunities shall be afforded to the offender to the extent possible. If limited, the facility must document the reasoning for limiting these opportunities and the duration of the limitation. If no immediate alternatives are identified, the facility may assign offenders to involuntary segregation until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged. Such assignment shall not ordinarily exceed 30 days, if an extension of involuntary segregation beyond 30 days is necessary, the facility shall clearly document the basis for concern of the offender's safety and why no other alternative means of separation can be arranged. Any extension beyond 30 days must be approved by the facility Superintendent within 72 hours of being implemented. Any assignment to involuntary segregation must be reported to the Facility PCM within 24 hours. Every 30 days, the facility shall afford each such offender a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1579 360 1608">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="242 1637 1477 1765">The Superintendent reiterated that an inmate cannot be isolated involuntary because they are a victim and that only under necessary conditions would an inmate be placed in involuntary segregation. This assignment would not restrict the inmate from activities. If it does become necessary to segregate, the facility would look at other means of lesser restriction, such as moving the inmate to another facility.</p>

115.51	Inmate reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Inmate Handbook - PREA Brochure Agreement with WV FRIS - PREA Acknowledgement Form</p> <p>Interviews of Staff</p> <p>Interviews of Inmates</p> <p>Interview of PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>PREA Poster for Reporting Sexual Abuse</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 A states: Offenders shall be provided multiple internal and external ways to privately report sexual misconduct, retaliation by other offenders or staff for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The DCR shall also provide at least one way for offenders to report abuse or harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the DCR, and that is able to receive and immediately forward offender reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to DCR officials, allowing the offender to remain anonymous upon request. Offenders detained solely for civil immigration purposes shall be provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security. The DCR shall distribute publicly through the DCR website the e-mail, address and information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of the offender and the DCR policy regarding the referral of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for criminal investigations.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 C states: Staff can privately report information about sexual assault and sexual harassment by submitting a confidential report to the Superintendent, PREA Compliance Manager or the Office of PREA Compliance.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Staff and inmates were able to share the different ways they could report privately and anonymously. Staff stated if they received a report in any form, written or verbal, they would immediately report the incident and complete an Incident Report by the end of their shift.</p> <p>Each unit has telephones that can be utilized to call a rape crisis hotline that would allow for anonymous information. The telephones have the phone numbers to both the crisis line and the PREA reporting line. The calls are at no cost. A test of the phone by the auditor confirmed that it connected to the crisis line.</p>

115.52	Exhaustion of administrative remedies
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Inmate Handbook</p> <p>Interview with Inmates who report Sexual Abuse - NA</p> <p>The past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of grievances filed that alleged sexual abuse: 0</p> <p>The number of grievances alleging sexual abuse that reached final decision within 90 days after being filed: 0</p> <p>The number of grievances alleging sexual abuse that involved extension that final decision was not reached within 90 days: 0</p> <p>The number of grievances alleging sexual abuse filed by inmates in the past 12 months in which the inmate declined third-party assistance, containing documentation of the inmate's decision to decline: 0</p> <p>The number of emergency grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse that were filed in the past 12 months: 0</p> <p>The number of those grievances that had an initial response within 48 hours: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of inmate grievances alleging sexual abuse that resulted in disciplinary action by the agency against the inmate for having filed the grievance in bad faith: 0</p> <p>The number of grievances alleging substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse filed in the past 12 months that reached final decisions within 5 days: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 D states: An offender may also report abuse by using the DCR grievance process. There is no time limit on when an offender may submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse. The DCR may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse. The DCR shall not require an offender to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse. Nothing in this section shall restrict the DCR's ability to defend against an offender lawsuit on the ground that the applicable statute of limitations has expired. The agency shall ensure that-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint, and 2. Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 E states: DCR shall issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 F states: Third parties, including fellow offenders, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, are permitted to assist offenders in filing reports or grievances and requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse. Third parties are also permitted to file such requests on behalf of offenders. CID will discuss the allegation with the alleged victim and proceed with an investigation if the allegation occurred in a correctional setting.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 G states: After receiving a PREA emergency grievance alleging an offender is subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, it must be forwarded to the Superintendent or designee for immediate action. An initial response will be provided within 48 hours and a final decision shall be within 5 calendar days. The initial response and final DCR decision shall document the DCR's determination whether the offender is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and action taken in response to the emergency grievance.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 H states: Offenders may be disciplined for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse only where the DCR demonstrates that the offender filed the grievance in bad faith.</p> <p>The inmate handbook states: If you have been assaulted or witness an assault, or if you are a victim of sexual abuse or witnessed inmate-on-inmate or staff sexual misconduct report it to any WVDCR staff, you may fill out a grievance form, write a note, request to see the nurse or counselor; or you may use the Confidential Sexual Abuse Hotline by dialing *9078 on the inmate phones. Anonymous letters can be written to the WV Fusion Center at 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, Bldg. 1, West Wing</p>

Suite W-400 Charleston, WV 25305. Attn: WVDCR. Your family can also report it by sending an e-mail to WVDCRPREA@WV.GOV.

Comments:

Offenders may report sexual abuse or sexual harassment by using the WVDCR grievance process. These grievances will be forwarded to the Superintendent or designee for immediate action. There is no time limit on when an offender may submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse. The DCR does not require an offender to use any informal grievance process when reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

115.53	Inmate access to outside confidential support services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Handbook Brochure - PREA MOU – FRIS</p> <p>Interviews with Random Inmates</p> <p>Interviews with Inmates who Reported Sexual Abuse - NA</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>WVFRIS Hotline Number Posted</p> <p>Phones in Housing Units</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 9 - 10 A states: During the intake process, offenders shall receive educational information explaining, in an age-appropriate fashion, the DCR's zero-tolerance policy on sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or harassment. This information shall be communicated verbally, in writing and in language clearly understood by the offender. The curriculum may be provided to offenders individually or in groups. At a minimum, the offender shall receive:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Information regarding the agency's reporting procedures. 2. Information related to access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse, by providing, posting, or otherwise making accessible mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations. 3. The facility shall inform offenders, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws. The facility shall enable reasonable confidential communication between offenders and these organizations. 4. The offender shall sign an acknowledgement of receiving the PREA training and PREA related materials. This documentation shall be placed in the offender's record. 5. For people detained solely for civil immigration purposes, the person will receive contact information for immigrant service agencies. The facility shall enable reasonable communication between offenders and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible. 6. Within thirty (30) days of intake, offenders shall receive comprehensive education regarding their rights to be free from sexual abuse, sexual harassment and retaliation for reporting such incidents and regarding DCR policies and procedures for responding to such incidents. Offenders should sign an acknowledgement of receiving training. If the acknowledgement is electronically signed, it shall be printed and placed in the offender's record. 7. It is mandatory that offenders attend PREA training. Offenders refusing, without good cause, shall be disciplined. The Facility PREA Compliance Manager or designee can make accommodations for offenders who have been previously sexually abused or who may have other good cause to find the training too difficult in a group setting. <p>Policy # 430.00, page 14 - 15 I states: The DCR shall maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide residents with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The DCR shall maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The facility maintains a Memoranda of Understanding with a multiple agency group, referred to as FRIS, services provide by FRIS include providing a hotline for inmates to call 24/7 and for an advocate to meet the inmate either at the prison/jail or hospital to provide emotional support through the forensic process and any investigatory interviews if requested by the inmate. Interviewed inmates indicated they are aware of the outside advocacy services available. Inmates were generally aware of the service offered by the outside organization.</p>

115.54	Third-party reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="242 210 451 237">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="242 271 448 297">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="242 329 1469 389">West Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation Inmate Handbook</p> <p data-bbox="242 421 437 448">MOU with WVFRIS</p> <p data-bbox="242 479 1481 672">The inmate handbook states: If you have been assaulted or witness an assault, or if you are a victim of sexual abuse or witnessed inmate-on-inmate or staff sexual misconduct report it to any WVDCR staff, you may fill out a grievance form, write a note, request to see the nurse or counselor; or you may use the Confidential Sexual Abuse Hotline by dialing *9078 on the inmate phones. Anonymous letters can be written to the WV Fusion Center at 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, Bldg. 1, West Wing, Suite W-400 Charleston, WV 25305. Attn: WVDCR. Your family can also report it by sending an e-mail to WVDCRPREA@WV.GOV.</p> <p data-bbox="242 703 1481 828">A search of the West Virginia Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation confirmed a section for "Reporting Sexual Abuse" it states: If you were the victim of sexual misconduct while in custody in West Virginia, or if you know of a person in custody in West Virginia who was a victim, you may report it to the WV Division of Corrections and Rehabilitation by using the following methods:</p> <ul data-bbox="242 860 1490 1070" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="242 860 1177 887">• If you were, or are, in custody at a WV juvenile center or facility, please call 1-855-366-0015. <li data-bbox="242 918 1490 978">• If you were, or are, in custody at a WV jail facility, you may call (304) 558-2036 and ask for the PREA Coordinator. You may also email dcrprea@wv.gov. <li data-bbox="242 1010 1453 1070">• If you were, or are, in custody at a WV prison, you may call (304) 558-2036 and ask for the PREA Coordinator. You may also email dcrprea@wv.gov. <p data-bbox="242 1102 863 1128">In case of email communications, please include the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="242 1160 719 1415" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="242 1160 480 1187">• Incident that occurred. <li data-bbox="242 1218 464 1245">• Who was the victim? <li data-bbox="242 1276 485 1303">• Who was the suspect? <li data-bbox="242 1335 571 1361">• Time and date of sexual abuse. <li data-bbox="242 1393 719 1420">• If requested, your anonymity will be protected. <p data-bbox="242 1447 1477 1774">Policy # 430.00, page 13 A states: Offenders shall be provided multiple internal and external ways to privately report sexual misconduct, retaliation by other offenders or staff for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. The DCR shall also provide at least one way for offenders to report abuse or harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the DCR, and that is able to receive and immediately forward offender reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to DCR officials, allowing the offender to remain anonymous upon request. Offenders detained solely for civil immigration purposes shall be provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security. The DCR shall distribute publicly through the DCR website the e-mail, address and information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of the offender and the DCR policy regarding the referral of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for criminal investigations.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1805 1445 1998">Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="242 2038 1469 2163">Policy # 430.00, page 14 F states: Third parties, including fellow offenders, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, are permitted to assist offenders in filing reports or grievances and requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse. Third parties are also permitted to file such requests on behalf of offenders. CID will discuss the allegation with the alleged victim and proceed with an investigation if the allegation occurred in a correctional</p>

setting.

Comments:

The interviews with staff confirmed that all understand that the West Virginia Fusion Center is another format for self-reporting and third-party referrals. The WVDCR's website is clear on how to report sexual abuse. Most inmates interviewed were not aware of the outside advocate service available to them to report sexual abuse, but most inmates said they could find the information if needed. However, most inmates related they would report via tablet or the hotline number.

115.61	Staff and agency reporting duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>Interviews with Medical Staff</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 13 B states: All employees, contractors, volunteers and interns are mandatory reporters and shall accept verbal, written, anonymous and third-party allegations from offenders who observe, are involved in, or have any knowledge, information or suspicion of sexual abuse, harassment, or an inappropriate relationship. All reports shall be promptly documented and reported to the facility Superintendent and facility PCM. Staff may be subjected to disciplinary action if they do not report such conduct. Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, medical and mental health practitioners shall be required to report sexual abuse.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 A states: The facility PCM will report all allegations of sexual abuse, including anonymous allegations to the Office of PREA Compliance. Staff shall not reveal any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary to make treatment, investigation or other security and management decisions.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 A states: Any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting shall be strictly limited to medical, and mental health practitioners and other staff, as necessary, to inform treatment plans and security and management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State or local law. Such practitioners shall be required to inform offenders at the initiation of services of their duty to report and the limitations of confidentiality. Medical and mental health practitioners shall obtain informed consent from offenders before reporting information about prior victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting unless the offender is under the age of 18.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Staff interviews confirmed staff understood the requirements of reporting, whether it is direct or indirect knowledge or suspicion and confidentiality of those reports. The HSA stated that it is a requirement that they share with inmates their duty to report and the limits of confidentiality. All information received regarding sexual abuse and harassment is forwarded to the facility PREA Manager, the Investigator, and the Office of PREA Compliance.</p>

115.62	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of times the agency or facility determined that an inmate was subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse: 0</p> <p>If the agency or facility made such determinations in the past 12 months, the average amount of time that passed before taking action: N/A</p> <p>The longest amount of time elapsed before taking action: N/A</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 B states: When facility staff learns that an offender is subject in substantial risk of sexual abuse, the facility shall assess and implement appropriate protective measures and shall take immediate action to protect the offender without unreasonable delay.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>All interviews conducted indicated that imminent risk of abuse information is taken seriously, and action would be immediate. Action could include housing moves, review of history to include assessments, and take any action necessary to ensure the inmate's safety.</p> <p>The Superintendent stated there has been no inmate at risk of imminent sexual abuse in the past 12 months. All interviewed staff stated they would take the inmate's report seriously and would take immediate action by removing the inmate from the source of the threat and keep that inmate with them or take them to the Shift Supervisor to ensure the inmate's safety until a decision could be made about where best to house the inmate.</p>

115.63	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations the facility received that an inmate was abused while confined at another facility: 0</p> <p>What was the response to allegations: n/a</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations of sexual abuse the facility received from other facilities: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 C states: Within 72 hours of receiving an allegation that an offender was sexually abused while confined in another correctional facility, the Superintendent of the facility that received the allegation shall notify in writing the head of the facility or appropriate office of where the alleged abuse occurred and shall also notify the Office of PREA Compliance. The Superintendent can contact the other facility via phone before forwarding the report in writing. The facility shall document that it has provided such notification and ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with PREA standards.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>During interviews, staff confirmed that all instances of previous incidents of abuse/victimization that occurred at other facilities were reported to the Superintendent and to the facility where the abuse occurred. Documentation would occur and the receiving location would initiate an investigation.</p>

115.64	Staff first responder duties
	<p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Security Staff</p> <p>Interview with Medical</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations that an inmate was sexually abused: 2</p> <p>Of these allegations, the number of times the first security staff member to respond to the report separated the alleged victim and abuser: 2</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of allegations where staff were notified within a time period that still allowed for the collection of physical evidence: 0</p> <p>Of these allegations in the past 12 months where staff were notified within a time period that still allowed for the collection of physical evidence, the number of times the first security staff member to respond to the report preserved and protected any crime scene until appropriate steps could be taken to collect any evidence: 0</p> <p>Of these allegations in the past 12 months where staff were notified within a time period that still allowed for the collection of physical evidence, the number of times the first security staff member to respond to the report requested that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating: 0</p> <p>Of these allegations in the past 12 months where staff were notified within a time period that still allowed for the collection of physical evidence, the number of times the first security staff member to respond to the report ensured that the alleged abuser not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating: 0</p> <p>Of the allegations that an inmate was sexually abused made in the past 12 months, the number of times a non-security staff member was the first responder: 0</p> <p>Of those allegations responded to first by a non-security staff member, the number of times that staff member requested that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence: 0</p> <p>Of those allegations responded to first by a non-security staff member, the number of times that staff member notified security staff: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 D states: Upon learning of an allegation that an offender was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the incident shall separate the alleged victim and abuser; preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, request that the alleged victim and abuser not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. When responding to incidences of sexual abuse, all first responders are required to follow the DCR coordinated response plan.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The Policy for first responder duties is inclusive. Staff was able to recite the steps to be taken when an allegation occurs. Many staff, when asked about behavioral restrictions for the participants in the assault, was able to share the victim's actions, and the perpetrator actions.</p> <p>Interviewed staff, including non-uniformed staff, explained the steps required as a first responder. They were consistent in their responses and the responses were consistent with Policy and the DCR Coordinated Response Plan.</p>

115.65	Coordinated response
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="240 273 448 300">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="240 331 1465 389">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) -PREA Post Order Supervisor Checklist Health Services Checklist</p> <p data-bbox="240 398 1485 490">PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review Form - The Post Orders (First Responder Guidelines for Sexual Assaults) are detailed. It covers Purpose, Applicability, Responding to Reported or Observed Sexual Abuse (Allegations of Abuse, Initial Response, Victim, Aggressor, Transportation, Mental Health Response, Follow- up, Counselors and Victim Advocate).</p> <p data-bbox="240 521 544 548">Interview with Superintendent</p> <p data-bbox="240 580 1469 672">The three checklists; Supervisor, Health Services and PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review are very detailed. All walk through a step-by-step checkoff system that allows for written details, whether each step was completed, the date and time and initials of the individual completing the list.</p> <p data-bbox="240 703 863 730">The PREA Sexual Abuse Incident Review document includes:</p> <ul data-bbox="240 761 1430 1393" style="list-style-type: none"> • The date and time of the Review. • Members of the Review Team and their signature. • Victim and Perpetrator. • Recommendations (policy and procedure, improvements regarding Prevention, Detection and Response). • The dynamics within the facility, i.e.: Race, Ethnicity, Gender Identity, Lesbian, Gay, Bi- Sexual, Transgender Intersex Identification, Inmate Status, Perceived Status, and Gang Affiliation. • Was the dynamics recognized or addressed during the initial screening and classification? • Other group dynamics. • Physical Barriers. • Staffing Levels. • Monitoring Technology. • Were recommendations implemented? <p data-bbox="240 1424 1469 1650">Policy # 430.00, page 15 D states: Upon learning of an allegation that an offender was sexually abused, the first staff member to respond to the incident shall separate the alleged victim and abuser; preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. If the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, request that the alleged victim and abuser not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. When responding to incidences of sexual abuse, all first responders are required to follow the DCR coordinated response plan.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1682 360 1709">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="240 1740 1477 1899">The facility has a Coordinated Response Plan to ensure that during an emergency, like other emergency plans required for secure facilities, the DCR Checklists serves as a coordinated response plan as well. The Coordinated Response Plan identifies actions to be taken by various components of the facility in response to an allegation of sexual abuse. If there was a sexual assault allegation, the facility, complying with DCR Policy and identify actions taken by staff in response to a report of sexual abuse or of sexual misconduct.</p>

115.66	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interviews with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 E states: DCR does not have the authority to enter into collective bargaining agreements pursuant to WV State Code.</p> <p>Comment:</p> <p>The Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner report that Collective Bargaining, as it is known in many states, does not occur in the Corrections Field in West Virginia. Individuals may join CWA (union) that allows for grievances, but it does not allow bargaining for wage or working conditions.</p>

115.67	Agency protection against retaliation
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with Designated Staff Member Charged with Monitoring Retaliation</p> <p>Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse - NA</p> <p>The length of time that the agency/facility monitors the conduct or treatment: 90 days The number of times an incident of retaliation occurred in the past 12 months: 0</p> <p>The goal of the Office of PREA Compliance is to continually make every effort to prevent, detect, and respond to Sexual Abuse. PREA Standard§ 115.11 mandates that each facility designate a PREA compliance manager with sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 F states: The DCR shall employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for offender victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or offender abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for offenders or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 15 -16 G states: The DCR shall monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by offenders or staff and shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Items the DCR should monitor include any offender disciplinary reports, housing, or program changes, or negative performance reviews or reassignments of staff. The DCR shall continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need. Such monitoring shall include periodic status checks. The obligation to monitor for retaliation shall terminate if the allegation is unfounded. If any individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, the DCR shall take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation. The facility shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Action taken to protect Staff or offenders shall be documented and reported to the Office of PREA Compliance within 24 hours of the reported incident. Any effort to hinder or impede a Staff or an offender from reporting an incident or retaliation shall result in disciplinary action.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>The Superintendent has designed the PREA Compliance Manager, Kathy Hess (Deputy Superintendent), at the Salem Correctional Center as the staff member who shall monitor retaliation.</p> <p>Interviews confirmed staff knows that retaliation is not allowed. Staff is aware that they can be removed from their jobs. It was also stated that any known retaliation would be reported to their Compliance Manager. The same steps can occur for retaliation as could occur for sexual abuse/harassment or imminent danger with housing moves or facility transfers.</p>

115.68	<p>Post-allegation protective custody</p> <p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with the Superintendent</p> <p>Interviews with Random Staff</p> <p>Onsite Visit</p> <p>No inmates housed in segregation</p> <p>The number of Inmates who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were held in involuntary segregated housing in the past 12 months for one to 24 hours awaiting completions of assessment: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of inmates who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were assigned to involuntary segregated housing for longer than 30 days while awaiting alternative placement: 0</p> <p>From a review of case files of inmates who allege to have suffered sexual abuse who were held in involuntary segregated housing in the past 12 months, the number of case files that include BOTH: 0</p> <p>A statement of the basis for facility's concern for the inmate's safety: 0</p> <p>The reason or reasons why alternative means of separation could not be arranged: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 L states: Offenders with a high risk for sexual victimization shall not be placed in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made and there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. If the facility cannot conduct the assessment immediately, the facility may hold the offender in involuntary segregated housing no longer than 24 hours while completing the assessment.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Segregated housing would only be used as a last resort to keep an inmate who was at high risk of sexual victimization. The mostly likely action would be a housing change or transfer the inmate to another facility. No review of inmate's files occurred during the onsite portion of the audit; the facility had no occurrences of an inmate being housed in segregated housing.</p>
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115.71	Criminal and administrative agency investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 451 237">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="240 271 454 297">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="240 331 1485 423">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Curriculum: "Investigation of Sexual Assault Victims in a Confinement Setting" Curriculum: "Miranda, Garrity, PREA and Such" Curriculum: "PREA Report Writing"</p> <p data-bbox="240 456 544 483">Interview with Superintendent</p> <p data-bbox="240 517 812 544">Interview with Director of the Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p data-bbox="240 577 572 604">Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p data-bbox="240 638 671 665">Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p data-bbox="240 698 568 725">Interview with Investigative Staff</p> <p data-bbox="240 759 971 786">Interviews with Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse - NA Site Review:</p> <p data-bbox="240 819 991 846">Review of Investigative Files Review of Administrative Investigation reports</p> <p data-bbox="240 880 1453 938">The number of substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal that were referred for prosecution since the last PREA audit: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 972 1477 1064">Policy # 430.00, page 16 A states: Protection of witnesses and the victim shall be paramount throughout the investigation process. The Office of PREA Compliance, in conjunction with the facility PCM shall ensure that an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <ol data-bbox="240 1075 1493 1592" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Individuals conducting these investigations will receive specialized training. 2. Staff members, as designated by the Superintendent, shall do an inquiry on offender-on-offender harassment allegations. 3. CID investigators will conduct investigations on all staff on offender allegations and offender on offender sexual abuse allegations. 4. CID investigators will be primarily responsible for contacting and referring criminal allegations and assisting as needed with the investigation. 5. Investigations will be promptly, thoroughly, and objectively completed for all allegations, including third party and anonymously reported allegations. The reports and all related documentation are to be entered in the appropriate tracking system. 6. Staff having any knowledge of or reason to suspect that sexual misconduct has taken place, is subject to questioning by person(s) investigating such allegations. Failure to cooperate with the investigation, such as withholding known information, withholding evidence or giving false statements will result in disciplinary action. <p data-bbox="240 1626 783 1653">Policy # 430.00, page 17 G states: Investigators shall:</p> <ol data-bbox="240 1686 1458 1912" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gather and/or preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data; 2. Interview alleged victims, suspected abusers, and witnesses; 3. Review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected abuser; 4. Determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse and shall be documented in the reports. <p data-bbox="240 1946 1485 2136">Policy # 430.00, page 9 F states: In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to § 115.31, the DCR shall ensure that, to the extent the DCR itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings. Corrections Investigations Division (CID) investigative staff shall receive additional specialized training on conducting sexual abuse investigations in confinement settings. Documentation will be filed in the employee training folder and a copy will be sent to the Office of PREA Compliance. This specialized training will include but is not limited to:</p>

1. Interviewing sexual abuse victims.
2. Proper use of Miranda warnings and the Garrity rule.
3. Sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings.
4. The criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecutorial referral.

Policy # 430.00, page 17 - 18 J states: When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, the DCR shall conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors to determine whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution. The credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness shall be assessed on an individual basis and shall not be determined by the person's status as an offender or staff. The DCR shall not require an offender who alleges unwanted forced sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth telling device as a condition of proceeding with the investigation of such an allegation. Investigations shall not be terminated solely because the source of the allegation recants the allegation.

Policy # 430.00, page 18 H states: The DCR shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.

Policy # 430.00, page 16 B states: Administrative investigations shall include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse; and shall be documented in written reports that include a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings.

Policy # 430.00, page 16 C states: Criminal investigations shall be documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible. Substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal shall be referred for prosecution.

Policy # 430.00, page 17 D states: The DCR shall retain all written reports for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the DCR, plus five years.

Policy # 430.00, page 19 A states: The staff member shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating DCR sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who has engaged in sexual abuse. Disciplinary sanctions for violations of DCR policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. All terminations for violations of sexual abuse or harassment policies, or resignations by staff that would have been terminated if not for their resignation, will be documented and reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the act was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the DCR shall not provide a basis for terminating an investigation.

Policy # 430.00, page 18 K states: At the conclusion of the investigation, the investigator will prepare an investigative report that documents a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings and all documentary evidence when feasible. The investigative findings will indicate whether the evidence supports a finding that sexual abuse has occurred (substantiated), the allegation is false (unfounded), or the evidence is inconclusive (unsubstantiated). If the case has not already been referred for criminal prosecution, the Investigator will refer substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal for prosecution in the county where the assault occurred. If any State entity or Department of Justice component conducts investigations shall do so pursuant to the above requirements.

Policy # 430.00, page 17 E states: When an outside agency investigates sexual abuse, the DCR shall request that the investigating agency follow the Medical and Mental Health requirements of this policy. CID shall endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation and regularly update Office of PREA Compliance throughout the investigative process.

Comments:

The facility uses curriculums written for jail investigators. Such as:

- PREA – Report Writing; Prepared by D.L. Rosier, Jr., Former Deputy Director; DMAPS Investigation Unit.
- Miranda, Garrity, PREA and Such; Prepared by Michael W. Parker, ESQ.; Randolph County Prosecuting Attorney.
- Interview of Sexual Assault Victims in a Confined Setting; Prepared by D.L. Rosier, Jr., Former Deputy Director; DMAPS Investigation Unit.

All investigators have been through the above training, the required facility training and the NIC investigators curriculums.

Training was verified by review of the training files.

A file review of all PREA allegations over the last twelve months confirmed detailed documentation of evidence (including electronic monitoring), interviews (alleged victim/perpetrator and witnesses) and pertinent data. Documentation was noted by date and time; video copies were attached to the files and copies of reports and allegations. Interviews are tape recorded.

The interview with the investigator included discussion on the format for making a referral for prosecution. Credibility of witnesses is based upon the findings, not on the status of a staff member or inmate.

Closed investigation files remain in the investigator office.

115.72	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Investigative Staff</p> <p>Documentation of Administrative Findings for Proper Standard of Proof</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 17 H states: The DCR shall impose no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Review of the investigation files shows that all are fact and evidence driven. The auditor saw no statements of opinion. The DCR Policy 430.00 requires that there shall be no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated. The Investigator affirmed in an interview, that the standard of evidence to substantiate an allegation of sexual abuse is "the preponderance of the evidence".</p>

115.73	Reporting to inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 208 451 235">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="240 271 448 297">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="240 329 1362 389">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) - Inmate Notices of Determination of PREA Allegation</p> <p data-bbox="240 421 544 448">Interview with Superintendent</p> <p data-bbox="240 479 579 506">Interviews with Investigative Staff</p> <p data-bbox="240 537 842 564">Interviews with Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse - NA</p> <p data-bbox="240 595 1225 622">Review of Sexual Abuse/Harassment Investigations Review of Inmate Files In the past 12 months:</p> <p data-bbox="240 631 1430 692">The number of criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged inmate sexual abuse that were completed by the agency/facility: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 723 1430 784">Of the alleged sexual abuse investigations that were completed, the number of inmates who were notified verbally or in writing of the results of the investigation: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 815 469 842">In the past 12 months:</p> <p data-bbox="240 873 1430 900">The number of investigations of alleged inmate sexual abuse in the facility that were completed by an outside agency: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 931 1414 992">The number of inmates alleging sexual abuse in the facility who were notified verbally or in writing of the results of the investigation: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 1023 469 1050">In the past 12 months:</p> <p data-bbox="240 1081 1465 1142">The number of notifications to inmates that were provided pursuant to this standard: The number of those notifications that were documented: 1</p> <p data-bbox="240 1173 1461 1294">Policy # 430.00, page 18 L states: Following an investigation into an offender's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse, the Facility PCM shall inform the offender as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. If the facility did not conduct the investigation, it shall request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the offender. Information given to the offender shall be documented.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1326 1453 1386">Policy # 430.00, page 18 N states: Following an offender's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another offender, the DCR shall subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever:</p> <ol data-bbox="240 1417 1409 1498" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="240 1417 1390 1444">1. The DCR learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. <li data-bbox="240 1476 1409 1503">2. The DCR learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. <p data-bbox="240 1534 1493 1794">Policy # 430.00, page 18 K states: At the conclusion of the investigation, the investigator will prepare an investigative report that documents a description of the physical and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings and all documentary evidence when feasible. The investigative findings will indicate whether the evidence supports a finding that sexual abuse has occurred (substantiated), the allegation is false (unfounded), or the evidence is inconclusive (unsubstantiated). If the case has not already been referred for criminal prosecution, the Investigator will refer substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal for prosecution in the county where the assault occurred. If any State entity or Department of Justice component conducts investigations shall do so pursuant to the above requirements.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1825 1390 1886">Policy # 430.00, page 18 M states: Following a substantiated or unsubstantiated allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against an offender, the facility shall subsequently inform the offender whenever:</p> <ol data-bbox="240 1917 1422 2123" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="240 1917 898 1944">1. The staff member is no longer posted within the offender's unit. <li data-bbox="240 1975 810 2002">2. The staff member is no longer employed at the facility. <li data-bbox="240 2033 1390 2060">3. The facility learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. <li data-bbox="240 2092 1422 2119">4. The facility learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility.

Policy # 430.00, page 18 O states: All notifications or attempted notifications shall be documented and sent to the offender's current DCR placement or address on file. The facility's obligation to report under this policy shall terminate if the offender is released from the Division's custody.

Comments:

Investigations are completed by the investigator, with notifications of findings/status being provided to the inmate. Copies of notices were provided to the auditor.

115.76	Disciplinary sanctions for staff
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of staff from the facility who have violated agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>The number of those staff from the facility who have been terminated (or resigned prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility who have been disciplined, short of termination, for violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of staff from the facility that have been reported to law enforcement or licensing boards following their termination (or resignation prior to termination) for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 A states: The staff member shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating DCR sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who has engaged in sexual abuse. Disciplinary sanctions for violations of DCR policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. All terminations for violations of sexual abuse or harassment policies, or resignations by staff that would have been terminated if not for their resignation, will be documented and reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the act was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. The departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the DCR shall not provide a basis for terminating an investigation.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>There have been no terminations or disciplinary actions of staff members for violating policy in the last 12 months, per the PAQ. Staff and contractors found to have engaged in sexual misconduct/abuse will be banned from correctional institutions or subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination and staff may be referred for criminal prosecution. Contractors and volunteers will be banned from any contact with inmates and reported to law enforcement agencies unless the activity was not criminal. Appropriate licensing agencies will be notified.</p>

115.77	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Interview with Superintendent Interview with Contractor</p> <p>In the past 12 months, contractors or volunteers have been reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies for engaging in sexual abuse of inmates: 0</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the number of contractors or volunteers reported to law enforcement for engaging in sexual abuse of inmates: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 B states: Any contractor, volunteer, intern or any individual who conducts business with or uses the resources of the DCR, who engages in, fails to report, or condones sexual abuse or sexual harassment of an offender shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action. Retaliatory action against any individual who reports or is involved in a sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigation is strictly prohibited. Any contractor, volunteer, intern or any individual who engages in sexual abuse shall be prohibited from contact with offenders and shall be reported to law enforcement agencies and relevant licensing bodies.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>There has been no allegation made against a contractor who was reported to law enforcement. The interviewed contractor confirmed understanding zero tolerance and potential sanctions for violating WVDCR Policies.</p>

115.78	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Superintendent</p> <p>Interview with Medical Staff</p> <p>Review of Investigative Reports In the past 12 months:</p> <p>The number of administrative findings of inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility: 0</p> <p>The number of criminal findings of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility: 0</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 C states: All sexual contact, whether voluntary or forced, between offenders is prohibited and subject to disciplinary action. Any mutual sexual contact between offenders is a rule violation but shall not constitute sexual abuse. Offenders shall be subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to an investigation that concluded that the offender engaged in offender-on-offender sexual abuse. Offenders may be charged with a facility rule violation even if they are also being charged within the court system. Sanctions shall be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse or harassment, the offender's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other offenders with similar histories. The disciplinary process shall consider whether an offender's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to their behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed. The facility may discipline an offender for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 19 A states: When an offender is found guilty of Misconduct related to sexual abuse and the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, the facility shall consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming or other benefits.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: A report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred shall not constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>During interviews with the Superintendent and medical staff, they indicated the policy requires that the disciplinary process considers whether an offender's mental disabilities or mental illness that may have contributed to behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, will be imposed. And if the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, the facility is required to consider whether to offer the offending inmate to participate in such interactions as a condition of access to programming or other benefits. Policy affirms that an offender may be disciplined for sexual contact with a staff member only upon finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact.</p>

115.81	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) PrimeCare Medical, Inc. Medical and Mental Health Informed Consent Forms</p> <p>Interview with Inmate who Disclose Sexual Victimization at Risk Screening - NA</p> <p>Interview with Staff Responsible for Risk Screening</p> <p>On-Site Review:</p> <p>Medical Records Review</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the percent of inmates who disclosed prior victimization during screening who were offered a follow up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner: NA</p> <p>In the past 12 months, the percent of inmates who have previously perpetrated sexual abuse, as indicated during the screening, who were offered a follow up meeting with a mental health practitioner: NA</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 I states: If the PREA screening indicates that an offender has experienced prior sexual victimization or has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff shall ensure that the offender is offered a follow-up meeting with the facility mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 A states: Any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting shall be strictly limited to medical, and mental health practitioners and other staff, as necessary, to inform treatment plans and security and management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State or local law. Such practitioners shall be required to inform offenders at the initiation of services of their duty to report and the limitations of confidentiality. Medical and mental health practitioners shall obtain informed consent from offenders before reporting information about prior victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting unless the offender is under the age of 18.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Interviews with medical and counseling staff who conducts the victim/aggressor assessments of incoming inmates confirmed that each screening asks inmates about prior victimization and prior abuse. They all are aware that this disclosure must result in a referral to a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days. Inmates can refuse the referral. The interviewed inmate who reported sexual victimization during the intake risk screening related he was offered mental health services and is currently on mental health caseload. What ask if felt safe, he shared his concerns and stated he would discuss with the counselor.</p>

115.82	Access to emergency medical and mental health services
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) Medical – PREA Checklist PrimeCare Medical, Inc. / Policy Name: Response to Sexual Abuse; Number: C, J-F-06 Medical – PREA Checklist</p> <p>Interview with Medical Staff</p> <p>Interviews with Security Staff</p> <p>PCM policy, page 1, IV. States: PCM policy requires that a plan exists for responding immediately to allegations of sexual abuse. Sexual abuse within a correctional facility requires to closely coordinated efforts of PCM staff, facility administration and investigative agencies in order to ensure medical and safety needs are met, while preserving evidence.</p> <p>PCM policy, pages 7-8 states: Requires that victims of sexual abuse receive free access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services. Also, victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated are offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care. Also sexually transmitted infection prophylaxis must be offered where “medically” appropriate, as based solely on medical judgment within the professionally accepted standards of care.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: Victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. All victims of sexual abuse shall be offered access to forensic medical examinations at the facility or an outside facility, such examinations shall be performed by a Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) where possible. The DCR shall document efforts to provide SAFE's or SANE's if one is not available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners. Treatment shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 C states: The facility will use the list of local hospitals that employ a SANE (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner), to determine the appropriate medical provider to transport to. Any refusal by the offender to undergo the forensic exam must be documented. If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent abuse is made, first responders shall take preliminary steps to protect the victim and shall immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 E states: Victims of sexual abuse shall be offered information about timely access to emergency contraception, pregnancy tests and sexually transmitted disease testing and treatment, in accordance with professionally accepted standards and policies of care, where medically appropriate. If pregnancy results due to the sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated such victims shall be receive timely and comprehensive information about access to all lawful pregnancy related medical services.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners are provided through a contract. Previous interviews with two Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners confirmed their role in responding to a sexual assault and conducting the forensic exam. Interviews indicated the inmate would be offered testing for HIV and other Sexually Transmitted Infection and offered STI Prophylaxis. They indicated that following the forensic exam, they would recommend the STI Prophylaxis and any other medication required. Inmates are never charged for medical care costs associated with a sexual assault.</p>

115.83	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	<p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) PrimeCare Medical, Inc. / Policy Name: Response to Sexual Abuse; Number: C, J-F-06</p> <p>Interviews with Medical Staff</p> <p>Interviews with Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse - NA</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>Review of Medical records</p> <p>PCM policy, page 8 states: Inmate abusers are to have a mental health evaluation and offered treatment when deemed appropriate within sixty (60) days of the facility learning that the abuse has occurred. The DOJ agrees that mental health care for victims should be the priority and, accordingly, has provided more detail on the minimum standard of care for victims than for abusers. The standard specifies that evaluation and treatment of sexual abuse victims shall include, as appropriate, for follow-up services, treatment plans, and when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in other facilities or their release from custody. The standard further requires facilities provide victims of sexual abuse with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 F states: DCR facilities shall offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all offenders who have been victimized by sexual abuse within any facility. Offenders will be offered follow-up medical and mental health services consistent with the community level care as well as access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The evaluation and treatment of such victims shall include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to placement to other facilities or release from custody.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 E states: Victims of sexual abuse shall be offered information about timely access to emergency contraception, pregnancy tests and sexually transmitted disease testing and treatment, in accordance with professionally accepted standards and policies of care, where medically appropriate. If pregnancy results due to the sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated such victims shall be receive timely and comprehensive information about access to all lawful pregnancy related medical services.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 20 B states: Victims of sexual abuse shall receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment. All victims of sexual abuse shall be offered access to forensic medical examinations at the facility or an outside facility, such examinations shall be performed by a</p> <p>Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) where possible. The DCR shall document efforts to provide SAFE's or SANE's if one is not available, the examination can be performed by other qualified medical practitioners. Treatment shall be provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 21 G states: The facility shall attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known offender-on-offender abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 12 I states: If the PREA screening indicates that an offender has experienced prior sexual victimization or has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff shall ensure that the offender is offered a follow-up meeting with the facility mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>This facility offers both medical and mental health follow-up for any inmate who has suffered sexual abuse at any location, including the community. Medical Services includes any medical need. Both are provided at no cost to the inmate. Health Services can provide information about continuing care in the community; however, inmates state that the counselors provide information about outside agencies throughout the state when requested.</p>

115.86	Sexual abuse incident reviews
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="242 271 448 300">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="242 329 1158 358">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p data-bbox="242 387 467 416">Interview with Warden</p> <p data-bbox="242 445 670 474">Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p data-bbox="242 504 700 533">Interview with Incident Review Team Member</p> <p data-bbox="242 562 371 591">Site Review:</p> <p data-bbox="242 620 1353 649">Review of Documentation of Completed Criminal or Administrative Investigations of Sexual Abuse/Harassment.</p> <p data-bbox="242 678 1469 739">In the past 12 months, the number of criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged sexual abuse completed at the facility, excluding only “unfounded” incidents: 0</p> <p data-bbox="242 768 1469 828">In the past 12 months, the number of criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged sexual abuse completed at the facility that were followed by a sexual abuse incident review within 30 days, excluding only “unfounded” incidents: 0</p> <p data-bbox="242 857 791 887">The facility has one pending investigation per the PAQ.</p> <p data-bbox="242 916 1490 1075">Policy # 430.00, page 21 A states: The Office of PREA Compliance, in collaboration with Facility PCM shall conduct a Sexual Abuse Incident Review within 30 days of the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation where the allegation was substantiated, or unsubstantiated. The review team shall include upper-level facility staff, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. No review shall be conducted if the allegation has been determined to be unfounded.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1104 871 1133">Policy # 430.00, page 21 B states: The review committee shall:</p> <ol data-bbox="242 1162 1477 1554" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates need to change policy or practice to better detect, or respond to sexual abuse. 2. Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; or gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility. 3. Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse. 4. Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts. 5. Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff. <p data-bbox="242 1583 1437 1644">Policy # 430.00, page 22 C states: The facility shall document the recommendations for improvement or reasons for not doing at the conclusion of the Sexual Abuse Incident Review.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1673 360 1702">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="242 1731 1437 1827">The Superintendent reported the Incident Review Team consists of upper-level management, the PREA Compliance Manager, supervisors, investigators, counselors, and medical staff. A report will be prepared of the findings for the Superintendent and PREA Compliance Office, who are authorized to implement the recommendations for improvement.</p>

115.87	Data collection
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="240 273 448 300">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="240 331 1493 488">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA) WVJ&CFA PREA Monthly Statistical Report Review aggregated data. Policy # 430.00, page 22 E states: The facility PCM shall be responsible for ensuring that accurate information is collected for every allegation of offender-on-offender sexual abuse and staff-on-offender sexual misconduct that occurs within their facility. Incident-based data reports shall be generated each month. The data collected shall include at a minimum.</p> <ol data-bbox="240 519 1453 878" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The total number of allegations. 2. Investigation number and the disposition. 3. The DCR shall maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident- based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews. 4. The DCR also shall obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its offenders. 5. The incident-based data collected shall include, at a minimum, the data necessary to complete the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice. <p data-bbox="240 909 1481 999">Policy # 430.00, page 22 D states: The Office of PREA Compliance shall prepare a report of its findings and ensure that any deficiencies are promptly identified and corrected. The review findings, recommendations for improvement and corrective action shall be documented.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1030 1477 1294">Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states: The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR's progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1326 360 1352">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="240 1384 1453 1442">The agency/facility utilizes a PREA Monthly Statistical report that is provided to DCR PREA Coordinator each month. The form is extensive. It covers:</p> <ul data-bbox="240 1473 1477 1594" style="list-style-type: none"> • Inmate-on-Inmate Sexual Acts (including definitions for Nonconsensual Sexual Acts, Abusive Sexual Contacts and Sexual Harassment). • Staff Sexual Misconduct (including definitions for Staff Sexual Misconduct and Staff Sexual Harassment). <p data-bbox="240 1626 1493 1783">Each of these individual areas is delineated by Number of Allegation, Incident Report and/or Investigation Numbers, Disposition (Substantiated, Unsubstantiated, Unfounded and Investigation ongoing). There is also a Substantiated Incident Data Questionnaire for Victim (inmate-on-inmate), an Inmate-on-Inmate Questionnaire for the Predator and a Staff-on-Inmate Questionnaire. Each of these three (3) documents must be completed for each occurrence. Annual reports are placed on the agency website. The facility provides its data to the Department of Justice as requested.</p>

115.88	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	<p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner</p> <p>Interview with Director of Office of PREA Compliance</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Interview with PREA Compliance Manager</p> <p>Review of Annual Report</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 G states: All Sexual abuse data shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states: The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR's progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 D states: The Office of PREA Compliance shall prepare a report of its findings and ensure that any deficiencies are promptly identified and corrected. The review findings, recommendations for improvement and corrective action shall be documented.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 F states: The DCR shall use the data to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify areas of concern. 2. Determine corrective action on an ongoing basis. 3. Assess and improve the effectiveness of the agency's sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training. 4. Create an annual report of findings and corrective actions for each facility and DCR. Comments: <p>Interviews with the PREA Compliance Manager and Superintendent confirmed the facility provides the required data, if any, to the WVDCR Office of PREA Compliance by reporting immediately any allegations or incidents of sexual abuse at the facility as well as monthly in the monthly PREA Report. The annual report is headed by the Office of PREA Compliance. As noted in the policy above, the annual report is available on the Website, https://dcv.wv.gov/Pages/default.aspx.</p>

115.89	<p>Data storage, publication, and destruction</p> <p>Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p>Auditor Discussion</p> <p>Materials Reviewed:</p> <p>Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p>Interview with PREA Coordinator</p> <p>Website Historical Data 2019 and 2020 WV Annual PREA Report</p> <p>Site Review:</p> <p>View secured file area</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 G states: All Sexual abuse data shall be securely retained for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection.</p> <p>Policy # 430.00, page 22 H states: The Director of PREA Compliance shall submit an annual report of the incident based sexual abuse data, to include facility recommendations and corrective actions to the DCR Commissioner. The annual report shall include comparisons of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and will include an assessment of the DCR's progress in addressing sexual abuse. The annual report shall be approved by the DCR Commissioner and made readily available to the public annually through the DCR website. The DCR may redact personal identifiers or other specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility but must indicate the nature of the material redacted. Upon request, the DCR shall provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice.</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Before the consolidation of the Department of Corrections, Regional Jails and the Juvenile System, each agency/facility would place their data on their respective website. Now, there will be annual reported headed by the Office of PREA Compliance. As noted in the policy above, the report will be inclusive.</p> <p>On-site Review: verified all investigation files are secured behind a locked door, with limited access.</p>
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115.401	Frequency and scope of audits
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174">Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239">Auditor Discussion</p> <p data-bbox="242 271 448 300">Materials Reviewed:</p> <p data-bbox="242 329 1158 358">Policy Directive Number 430.00; Subject – Prison Rape Elimination Act Compliance (PREA)</p> <p data-bbox="242 387 1481 515">Policy # 430.00, page 23 A states: Upon request for information, the Director of PREA Compliance will be responsible to respond to all external surveys, schedule audits required by the Department of Justice's National PREA Standards and comply with all PREA requirements and ensure that at least one-third of each facility type under the DCR's control is audited during each year of the three-year audit cycle.</p> <p data-bbox="242 544 1378 573">Policy # 430.00, page 23 B states: The auditor will review and have access to all relevant information listed below:</p> <ol data-bbox="242 602 1485 1189" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Policies, procedures, reports, internal and external audits, and accreditations for each facility type. 2. A sampling of relevant documents and other records and information for the most recent one-year period. 3. Shall observe, all areas of the audited facilities. 4. Shall be permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information). 5. Shall retain and preserve all documentation (including, e.g., video tapes and interview notes) relied upon in making audit determinations. Such documentation shall be provided to the Department of Justice upon request. 6. Shall interview a representative sample of inmates, residents, and detainees, and of staff, supervisors, and administrators. 7. Shall review a sampling of any available videotapes and other electronically available data that may be relevant to the provisions being audited. 8. Shall be permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees. 9. Shall attempt to communicate with community-based or victim advocates who may have insight into relevant conditions in the facility. <p data-bbox="242 1218 1473 1279">All inmates, residents, and detainees shall be permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1308 360 1337">Comments:</p> <p data-bbox="242 1366 1453 1462">The auditor was able to view the entire facility by physically walking the facility and through the use of cameras. Staff was cooperative and assisted with helping the auditor complete private interviews. All requested documentation was provided. Posted notification of the on-site audit was observed throughout the facility.</p>

115.403	Audit contents and findings
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	All prior PREA audits have been posted on the Agency's Website. Note: changes in the websites have been occurring due to the consolidation of the three (3) 'legacy' agencies. This is the first PREA Audit for this facility.

Appendix: Provision Findings		
115.11 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.11 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes
115.11 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator	
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
115.12 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes
115.12 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates	
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes

115.13 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	na
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.13 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	na
115.13 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes

115.13 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes
115.14 (a)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (b)	Youthful inmates	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (c)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.15 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.15 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	na
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	na
115.15 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	na

115.15 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes
115.15 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
115.15 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes

115.16 (c)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes
115.17 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
115.17 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
115.17 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes
115.17 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
115.17 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes

115.17 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.17 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.17 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
115.18 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.18 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.21 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.21 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
115.21 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
115.21 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
115.21 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	na
115.22 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

115.22 (b)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
115.22 (c)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.31 (a)	Employee training	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
115.31 (b)	Employee training	
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes

115.31 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.31 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.32 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
115.32 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes
115.32 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
115.33 (a)	Inmate education	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
115.33 (b)	Inmate education	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes
115.33 (c)	Inmate education	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	yes
	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes

115.33 (d)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes
115.33 (e)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes
115.33 (f)	Inmate education	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
115.34 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.35 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	na
115.35 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
115.41 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
115.41 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes
115.41 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument?	yes

115.41 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	yes
115.41 (e)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes
115.41 (f)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes

115.41 (g)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
115.41 (h)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes
115.41 (i)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	yes
115.42 (a)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes
115.42 (b)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes
115.42 (c)	Use of screening information	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes

115.42 (d)	Use of screening information	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes
115.42 (e)	Use of screening information	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes
115.42 (f)	Use of screening information	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes
115.42 (g)	Use of screening information	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
115.43 (a)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes

115.43 (b)	Protective Custody	
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
	If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	na
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	na
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	na
115.43 (c)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
	Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes
115.43 (d)	Protective Custody	
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes
115.43 (e)	Protective Custody	
	In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
115.51 (a)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes

115.51 (b)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na
115.51 (c)	Inmate reporting	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.51 (d)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes
115.52 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	yes
115.52 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.53 (a)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
115.53 (b)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.53 (c)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
115.54 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes
115.61 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes
115.61 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes

115.61 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
115.61 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.61 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
115.62 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes
115.63 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
115.63 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
115.63 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.63 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes
115.64 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes

115.64 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
115.65 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
115.66 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
115.67 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.67 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

115.67 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
115.67 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
115.67 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.68 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes
115.71 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.71 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes
115.71 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
115.71 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.71 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.71 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.71 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.71 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.71 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
115.71 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes
115.71 (l)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.72 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
115.73 (a)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes
115.73 (b)	Reporting to inmates	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	na
115.73 (c)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.73 (d)	Reporting to inmates	
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
115.73 (e)	Reporting to inmates	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes
115.76 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.76 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes

115.76 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.76 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes
115.78 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
115.78 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes
115.78 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
115.78 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes
115.78 (e)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes

115.78 (f)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes
115.78 (g)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes
115.81 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes
115.81 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes
115.81 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	yes
115.81 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
115.81 (e)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	yes
115.82 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
115.82 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes

115.82 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
115.82 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
115.83 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
115.83 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
115.83 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	na
115.83 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
115.83 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes
115.86 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

115.86 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes
115.86 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes
115.86 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes
115.86 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes
115.87 (a)	Data collection	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes
115.87 (b)	Data collection	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
115.87 (c)	Data collection	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes
115.87 (d)	Data collection	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
115.87 (e)	Data collection	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)	yes
115.87 (f)	Data collection	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes

115.88 (a)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes
115.88 (b)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
115.88 (c)	Data review for corrective action	
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.88 (d)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	yes
115.89 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?	yes
115.89 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.89 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
115.89 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no

115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	na
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
115.403 (f)	Audit contents and findings	
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	na